MARCH. 1783. THE NUMB. 2754.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1783.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION, on the river Schuylkill and Perkiomen, 23 miles from Philadelphia, and is well situated for health, profit, and pleasure; the land is high, the aspect south, the country abounding with most sorts of game and fish, and in a social neighbourhood, good for marketing; containing 302 acres, one third timbered, a good proportion of watered meadow, and a large addition of ground may be appropriated to that use. The arable land is good in quality, and has most of it been limed from 50 to 100 bushels the acre; there is water in the driest seasons in all the fields, except one; a large lime-kiln, and a share of a shad-fishery on the place; a merchant-mill, and the most necessary tradesmen adjoining the premises. The house is almost new, situated on an eminence nearly central, commanding a full view of the farm, and an extensive prospect of hilly country; it is 45 feet in length, and 35 feet wide, with eight feet entries on each floor through the middle; it is built with the best stone, lime and sand, with a cedar roof, completely finished by Philadelphia workmen, and is well calculated to accommodate a large genteel family; there are two stair-cases, good garrets, and cellars, in one of which is the kitchen, but intended for a dairy, as the water is conveyed through it; a pump at the door, a stone smoke and hog-house, a large garden well manured and fenced, and a grass lot round the whole. a large orchard, and a young one of grafted fruit, containing 200 trees; the barn is built of the same materials as the house, 65 feet by 35, with stables underneath, and is inferior to no building of its size, one of the bays has held 1000 bushels of wheat in the straw; there are a cow and carriage-house adjoining. The above described plantation is calculated in every respect for a gentleman's country retreat, and is compleat for a farmer to make a livelihood, by raising grain and going to market, the land being most excellent for pasture.

The terms of sale may be either cash, bills of exchange, or it will be exchanged for an interest in Philadelphia, or the payments will be made easy to the purchaser, upon his giving security. Immediate possession will be given, and indisputable title made. For further particulars enquire of JEREMIAH WARDER, in Philadelphia, or the subscriber, on the premises.

¶ JAMES VAUX.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the door of the subscriber, in Front-street, near the corner of Black-Horse-Alley, on Wednesday, the 26th February, A strawberry roan HORSE, with a star in his face, 14 and an half hands high, rising four years old, having neither saddle or bridle on. Whoever has taken up said horse, or will give information so that he be had again, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by † WILLIAM POLLARD.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of Adam Heilman, late of Pikeland township, Chester county, deceased, to make speedy payment, otherwise they may expect to be proceeded against as the law directs; and all persons who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, in order that they may be paid, by JOHN HEILMAN,) Executors.
March 4. † HENRY HEILMAN,)

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Plumstead township, Bucks county, on the 25th of December last, a likely young Negroe man, named CUFF, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; had on, when he went away, a scarlet coat, full trimmed, a lightish coloured jacket, buckskin breeches, and blue yarn stockings. Said Negroe is an active fellow with horses, has been used to driving a carriage and tending race horses; it is most likely he will incline to fall into that employ or tending a stable, as he has been seen in Philadelphia. Any person apprehending said Negroe and delivering him to the subscriber, or to John Hart, three miles from Philadelphia, on the old York road, or securing him in any goal, so that the owner may have him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ WILLIAM HART.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE and two LOTS, the corner of Hamilton and Northampton-streets, in Easton; one large two story stone Ditto, 62 feet front, and one Lot in Northampton-street, one stone Store-house, 40 by 20 feet, and a Proprietary Lot adjoining the last mentioned, and one small House and Lot; the whole of the lots are 60 feet front, and 220 feet deep; deeds for the two first mentioned houses and three lots, and a sheriff's deed for the last; one House and Lot in the centre of the town of Northampton, a Deed for half of a two story stone House in Phillipsburgh, New-Jersey; 40 acres Land near Nazareth, one half of 100 acres Land, in company with the late Lewis Gordon, Esq; in Mount-Bethel township, 12 miles from Easton; 182 acres of Land, 7 miles over the blue mountains, on which is a good mill seat, a large stream of water (called M'Michael's creek) running through the centre; 80 acres Woodland, deeded; 190 acres large pine timber Ditto, at Sheholey; 80 acres improved Ditto, in Mount-Bethel, on which 30 acres of meadow may be made.

For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, living in Easton, Northampton county, Pennsylvania, who requests that all those who are indebted to him, either by bond, note or book debt, may make immediate payment, otherwise they will be dealt with as the law directs. MYER HART.

Easton, March 6, 1783. ¶

ABSCONDED from his bail, on the 6th of this instant March, a certain JAMES CASKEY, a carpenter by trade, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, slim made, and has a high nose; wore brown clothes when he absconded, but commonly wears light coloured clothes; his place of residence is Wilmington, but went away from his bail in Philadelphia. Whoever secures the said Caskey, so as the subscriber may get him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS REWARD, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN STEWART, living in Southwark.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry him off. †

RAN AWAY, on the 27th of January last, from the subscriber, in Greenwich township, Cumberland county, West New-Jersey, a lusty lad, about 20 years of age, named WILLIAM BURK. Whoever secures said lad shall receive SIX-PENCE reward, but no charges.

March 1783. ¶ GABRIEL DAVIS.

GRAND LODGE,

Philadelphia, March 5, 1783.

THE Quarterly Communication of the GRAND LODGE of Pennsylvania will be held at the Lodge Room, in Lodge Alley, in this City, on Monday, the 31st instant, at 10 o'Clock A. M. at which Time the Officers of the several Lodges, holding Warrants under the Jurisdiction of this Grand Lodge, are requested punctually to attend.

By Order of the R. W. Grand Master,
JOSEPH HOWELL, jun. Deputy Grand Sec'y.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSEPH JOHNSTON, late of Blockley, deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the subscriber, who is properly authorised by the Administratrix to settle the accounts of the deceased; and all persons that have any demands against said estate, are requested to bring them in for payment. ¶ ISAAC WARNER.

Blockley, February 1783.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
FRIDAY, *March* 7, 1783. A. M.

THE Committee to whom was referred the Petition of George Roth, reported a bill, entituled "An Act for "confirming the estate of George Roth in certain lands, some "of the title deeds being lost," which was read the first time, and ordered to lie on the table.

Ordered, That the said George Roth give notice thereof in the public news-papers of this city.

Extract from the Minutes,
J. SHALLUS, Assistant Clerk of the General Assembly.

THE above named George Roth begs leave to inform the public, that by some accident he has lost the title deeds to his plantation and five several tracts of land, situate partly in Marlborough and partly in Upper Hanover township, in the county of Philadelphia, adjoining each other, and containing in the whole 192 acres and 134 perches, and are bounded by the lands of Philip Mood, Peter Heist, Philip Reed, George Michael Rieder, Adam Hillegas, Leonard Thomas and Jacob Shaffer, and that he, by his humble petition, applied to the honourable the House in General Assembly of this State, praying the said Assembly to pass an act for confirming to him his estate in the premises; whereupon the said honourable House was pleased to pass the above resolve; and in pursuance of the said resolve, the said George Roth gives notice thereof accordingly: And if any person or persons have any objections why the said bill should not pass into a law, they are desired forthwith to make them known. ¶

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on immediately,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Richmond, commonly called Point-no-Point, containing 56 acres or thereabouts, 22 of which is excellent meadow; there is on said place two large bearing orchards of excellent grafted apple trees, a two story brick house and kitchen, a well of good water. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH LYNN, in Market-street, Philadelphia. ¶ *March* 10, 1783.

March 1, 1783.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John Peirsol, late of West Nantmell township, Chester county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscriber, Executor to said estate, &c.

And likewise all persons indebted to Alice Peirsol, widow, and relict of said John Peirsol, either by bond, bill, note or book accounts, or any other contract whatsoever, are desired to come and discharge the same without further notice.

All persons that have any demands against the aforesaid estate, are likewise desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted and settlement made, by ¶
JOSEPH TRAGO, Attorney at law for said widow.

TO BE LETT,

And entered on the 25th Instant,

THAT valuable and well-accustomed TAVERN at the Cross-Roads, Chester county, with the plantation belonging to it. For terms, apply to the Subscriber, near the premises.

Cross Roads, March 6, 1783. ¶ JAMES JOHNSTON.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the first of April,

THAT most valuable FARM, whereon Mrs. Harman now lives, in Upper Darby, Chester county, containing about 230 acres of land, by the shares, and has every conveniency that is requisite for a farmer. For terms, apply to said Mrs. Harman, on the premises. ¶

To be SOLD at Public Vendue, on

Wednesday, the 26th instant, a Two o'clock, P. M. at Mr. Irwin's, at the sign of the White Horse, on the road leading from Darby to Chester,

TWO LOTS of EMBANKED MEADOW, one containing upwards of 7, the other upwards of 8 acres, situated, lying and being on Tinicum Island, near the ferry, adjoining meadows of Samuel and Isaac Levis, Elisha Price, Esq; Joseph Taylor, deceased, and Darby creek, where shallops may lay at a landing on each lot, and load hay for Philadelphia or elsewhere. They will be sold separate. The purchaser or purchasers, paying one third of the money down, may have twelve months credit for the remainder, paying interest, and giving security. An indisputable title will be made by

Philad. March 8, 1783. ¶ JAMES HUNTER, and JAMES STERLING.

To be RENTED for one Year,

From the first of April, 1783.

THE Farm, called GRÆME-PARK, 19 miles from Philadelphia, containing 550 acres, a proper proportion of woodland, arable and meadow; a large stone farm-house, barn, cow-house, milk-house and other conveniences. For other particulars, apply to Mr. GEORGE MEADE, in Philadelphia, or ELIZABETH FERGUSON, living contiguous to the premises. The tenant to pay the taxes. One third of the rent will be taken in good produce on the spot.

No person need apply but such as can be well recommended. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on the first of May next,

A TAN-YARD, in the Northern Liberties, fronting on Long-Lane, and adjoining the tan-yard of John Waggoner, late the property of William Bettle, deceased; the lot is 100 feet front on said lane, and 200 feet deep, with the following buildings erected thereon, viz. a large back house, a mill-house, currying shop and beam-house, also a stable and chaise-house, with a loft over the whole for hay, with a sufficient number of pits for carrying on the tanning business extensively. The Premises are subject to a ground-rent of Three Shillings and Six-pence per foot.

For terms and further particulars, apply to Samuel Bettle, in Chesnut-street, or Joseph Howell, in Church-Alley, who requests all persons indebted to the estate above mentioned to be speedy in paying the same, as they are under a necessity of making a final settlement of the estate, agreeable to the last will of the testator.

N. B. Should the above premises not be sold before the 5th of April next, they will then be sold by John Bayard, Auctioneer, at public vendue, at the Coffee-house, at six o'clock in the evening.

SAMUEL BETTLE,
¶ JOSEPH HOWELL.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the third day of April,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, lying and situated in Willingborough township, in Burlington county, and State of New-Jersey, joining Rancocas creek, near Kimble's Ferry, containing 163 acres, 15 acres of which is meadow, about 70 acres of woodland, and the rest cleared land. There are on the premises, a new two story brick house, two rooms on a floor, a good cellar under the whole, a pump of good water near the door; likewise a good barn and stables, and a good orchard. Late the property of Caleb Fenimore, deceased. The vendue to begin at two o'clock, where attendance will be given, by

March 8. † JOHN FENIMORE, Executor.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On Tuesday, the first day of April next, on the premises, agreeable to the last will and testament of Ulrick Fryhoffer, deceased,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Lower Dublin township, Philadelphia county, about ten miles from the city, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Newtown, containing 21 acres of land, whereon is a log dwelling-house, a barn and spring-house, with a spring of good water near the door, one acre of meadow, about three acres of woodland, and about 20 apple trees. The vendue to be in at one o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known, by ¶ JOHN FRYHOFFER, Executor.

Westpain Township, March 11, 1783.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans Court, held at Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, the tenth day of March instant, will be sold by the subscriber, at public vendue, on Saturday, the 29th instant, at ten o'clock, on the premises, in Whitpain township, in the county aforesaid, a Plantation and tract of Land, containing 75 acres, of which 35 acres excellent woodland, five acres good watered meadow, and more may easily be made; there are on the premises a good log house, barn and stables, a good orchard of about 100 apple-trees; late the real estate of Thomas Hallowell, deceased.

¶ MARY STONE, Administratrix.

To be sold by public vendue, on the 20th instant, at the dwelling-house of the subscriber, in Haverford township, Chester county,

The Horse PACOLET,

COMPLEAT for covering, five years old this spring, a dark chesnut brown, with a star and snip, and one white foot, near 16 hands high, shews much of the blood, and equals in carriage, courage, and gaits any in the parts; his grand-sire was the full-blooded imported horse PACOLET. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the morning.

March 5, 1783. ¶ SAMUEL BRIGGS.

CLOVER and TIMOTHY SEED,

TO BE SOLD BY
DESHLER and *ROBERTS*,
In MARKET-STREET. ¶

WHITE LEAD Manufactured,

AND TO BE SOLD BY

THE subscriber in Vine-street, between Second and Third-streets, nearly opposite the sign of his Excellency General Washington, allowed by the best judges in this city to be equal in quality to any imported from Europe: Likewise White Lead, red and yellow Oaker ground in oil in jars and kegs, from a half dozen to 50 weight, boiled Oil, Paint Brushes, Lead Ashes, &c.

Also, A HOUSE and LOT situate on Chestnut-hill, 10 miles from Philadelphia, containing between 11 and 12 acres, the whole orchard and garden; upwards of 60 hogsheads of cyder has been made in a season; it is very suitable for a public house, store, or a gentleman's country seat; it is at present occupied as a tavern, and known by the sign of the Bonny Jockey, but last year the Green Tree: there is besides the large house a one story dwelling, a two story stone building, which may with a very small expence be converted into a dwelling, a large stone stable with a chair or carriage house and sheds; two wells of the best water, in the one a pump, a good cyder press and mill, and sundry other conveniencies; the whole in good fence. The purchaser paying about one third of the money, may have a considerable time for the payment of the remainder.

January 2, JOHN BIDDIS.

N. B. Pig Lead will be taken for part or the whole. ¶

Philadelphia, January 1, 1783.

WHEREAS the subscriber hath applied to the General Assembly of this State for leave to bring in a bill, to be enacted into a law, for compleating his title to a certain house and lot of land, situate on the north side of Sassafras-street, between Front and Second-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, deficient by the loss of a deed of gift from Nicholas Cassell to Mary Comron, for the same house and lot in fee. All persons pretending any claim to the said estate, are hereby required to take notice of the said application, that they may object to the grant of the same, should they think it improper. ABRAHAM COMRON, for himself and his sister Rebecca English.

For the PENSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

" 'Twill be recorded, for a precedent,
" And many an error, by the same example,
" Will rush into the State." SHAKESPEARE.

IT is with diffidence I publish my sentiments on a vote of the present house of Assembly of Pennsylvania, which has, in the course of a few days, been twice put, and each time differently determined, and by the majority of a single voice. I doubt not, the house is composed of gentlemen who are possessed of the great qualities requisite for governing *a free and sensible people*, and that in all their deliberations they have the *public happiness* in view. They have great powers derived from the constitution, but they are neither *omnipotent* nor *infallible*; and if, in any instance, they either exceed their authority or are mistaken, and shall be convinced of it, I rest assured, from their characters, that so far from esteeming it a *reflection*, they will esteem it an *honor* to *retract*. Under this persuasion I will venture a few remarks on this important vote, which, in my opinion, has a tendency to overturn the whole system of government; they shall be made with that *decorum* and *temper*, which ought to be used on all such occasions, and which alone can promise any public good. I do not know even the names of the gentlemen who have voted on the one side or the other of the question, nor do I believe that I have a single enemy in the house, and therefore my animadversions, tho' they may be expressed with *firmness* and *fervency*, will not be imputed to any personal animosities, or any thing else than to a desire of promoting the public weal.

The votes referred to are as follow:

In General Assembly, Wednesday, February 26, 1783.

" Whereas sundry petitions against justices of the peace are now before the house, charging them with divers offences in the execution of their offices:

" *Resolved*, That there be no further proceedings on said petitions, until a trial at law shall be had against the said justices, for the offences charged to have been committed by them.---*Carried in the affirmative.*

Saturday, March 1, 1783.

" Agreeable to the order of the day, the house went into the consideration of their resolution passed February 26, when the following amendment was moved:

" *Resolved*, That all further proceedings on the petitions against said justices be stayed, so far only as they are charged with offences indictable in courts of law, until they shall be tried for said offences by a jury of their county.---*Carried in the negative.*"

Whether the last decision is right or wrong must depend upon the constitution, or original compact of the people of Pennsylvania.

By this compact, the people agreed to be governed by an assembly of the representatives of the freemen of the state, by a President and Council, and by Courts of Justice. The first is the Supreme Legislative, the second the Supreme Executive, and the third the Supreme Judicial Power: These three powers are to be independent, controlling and controlled by each other. The Judicial Power is to be derived from the people either immediately, or mediately through the President and Council. The *Justices of the Peace* are to be elected immediately by the *freeholders*, to wit, two for each district, &c. one of whom is to be commissioned by the President in Council for seven years, " removeable for misconduct by the General Assembly,"

The majority of the Assembly present at the last vote contend, that they have a right to determine judicially, whether any Justice of the Peace has misconducted himself; and, being satisfied that he has, to remove him from office, without any other trial. If this is so, then they have the same right with respect to every Judge of the Supreme Court. The consequence of which will be, that the whole Judicial Power will depend upon the General Assembly for a continuance of their commissions; and if the late Assembly are right, the Judges of the Supreme Court, as well as the President and Supreme Executive Council, are dependent upon them also for their salaries and wages: and thus the Executive and Judicial Powers will be swallowed up by the Legislative. If this is the real condition of the government of Pennsylvania, the people are miserable indeed. But let us examine whether this is a reasonable and just construction of the constitution, and for this purpose compare several sections of the *plan* or *frame* of government together, and consider the scope of the whole.

By the 22d section, " Every officer of state, whether *judicial* or *executive*, shall be liable to be *impeached* by the General Assembly, either when in office, or after his removal, for mal-administration: All impeachments shall be before the President or Vice-President and Council, *who shall hear and determine the same.*" By the 23d section, " The Judges of the Supreme Court shall have *fixed* salaries, be commissioned for seven years only, though capable of re-appointment at the end of that term, but removeable for *misbehaviour* at any time by the General Assembly." By the 25th section, " Trial shall be by Jury as heretofore." The 30th section, respecting Justices of the Peace, has been mentioned before, " they are removeable for *misconduct* by the General Assembly." And by the 34th section, " The Registers for the Probates of Wills and Recorders of Deeds are to be appointed by the General Assembly, *removeable at their pleasure*, and to be commissioned by the President and Council."

From these quotations it appears, that the General Assembly may *impeach*, that is, accuse and prosecute, any judicial officer for mal-administration before the Council, *who are to hear and determine the same.* Now, if the Assembly can themselves *hear and determine it*, why did the convention authorise them to *impeach* for it before the Council: this would certainly have been not only useless, but troublesome, expensive and dilatory, and for these reasons never be practised. The *Council* are expresly impowered *to hear and determine the charge*, and no such jurisdiction is given to the Assembly in any part of the plan of government. On the contrary, in the 8th section, in which their powers are particularly enumerated, they are only authorized to *impeach*, not to try, state-criminals. Hence it seems manifest, that it was not the intention of the convention to give any judicial powers whatsoever to the Assembly in cases of this sort, but to preserve the three great branches of government entirely separate and distinct. Perhaps it may be said, that by the 22d section an officer may be impeached, after his removal, for mal-administration; which implies, that he may be *first removed* by the General Assembly, and afterwards *impeached*. In answer, I would observe, that the words " after his removal" may be satisfied, by alledging the meaning to be, after his removal, by the effluxion of his term of office; or it may be applied to the officers appointed by the Council or Assembly *during pleasure*, and according to such pleasure removed, which is the tenure of many of the civil officers. To evidence this more fully, if the General Assembly were first to remove a justice of the peace for misbehaviour, and afterwards to impeach him, and he should be acquitted; then it must follow, that either the Assembly or Council had given an erroneous judgment, and the party accused would be found both innocent and guilty, without a possibility of reversing either judgment; and, if ever so innocent, he must lose his office, for neither the Council nor the Assembly, nor both of them together, could reinstate him. But what will be made of the 9th section of the Bill of Rights, " that in *all prosecutions for criminal offences* a man hath a right to a public trial by an impartial *jury of the country*," &c. And of the 25th before cited, " trials by jury shall be as heretofore." Misconduct in office by a Justice of the Peace is criminal, and was always heretofore triable by a jury; and it will not be contented, that any House of Assembly heretofore ever assumed the power of trying any person for any crime whatsoever, excepting a contempt.

Having considered the several sections of the constitution, which more particularly affect the vote in question, I will take notice of a few of the consequences which necessarily follow this assumed power of the Assembly.

There are near two hundred Justices of the Peace in the State, and every judgment given by them may possibly displease the losing party. Such persons combine together, and complain of the Justice to the Members of Assembly for their county, who are dependent upon their votes in some degree for their seats; the members listen to the complaints and promise redress; besides some of them may be fond enough of the power, and of exercising it against a Justice of the Peace, who may not have thought them the most suitable men to represent the county, and accordingly used his influence against them. The House meets, the petition is exhibited against the Justice, referred to the members for his county, who report against him, and he is removed from his office.

Here let me pause and make a few observations. In this process there appears to be so great a bias against the Justice, that it is scarcely possible he can escape punishment; for the same persons may be the accusers, witnesses, judges and executioners in the cause, without the intervention of any other power; and if the Justice is not removed, the members for the county may lose their seats at the next election. But was it the intention of the convention, that the legislative power should be employed in such business at the expence of near sixty pounds a day the whole year round? I say the whole year round; for I aver, if they do not make quick work indeed with the Justices, the complaints will be so numerous, owing to restless spirits, that the whole year will not be sufficient for the careful examination of the witnesses, the candid and full hearing of the parties, and the cool and impartial determinations of the causes. Notwithstanding all this, the Justice may be acquitted; and if he is, what recompence is he to receive for his uneasiness of mind, loss of time and great expences? He may be obliged to attend the House in Philadelphia at the distance of three hundred miles from his habitation, and no man can tell the length of time that may be consumed in the inquiry and decision: besides, who is to pay the costs of the witnesses, serjeant at arms &c. &c.? This must be answered by some other gentleman.

Let us view this matter in another light. If it should be thought by some, that the *words* of the 30th section will bear out the majority in their vote, yet the House can only remove the Justice of *peace* from office, not the Justice of the *common pleas* and *orphans* courts. Although the same persons hold these several commissions, there is no power given to the Assembly by any part of the constitution to intermeddle with them; of course the person removed by them will still remain in great trust. I am answered, if the President and Council do not remove him from these offices, after his removal from the office of a Justice of the Peace, the Assembly will withdraw or at least lessen their salaries and wages. Will they do so? A word or two on this head at another time. At present, I will only crave attention to the duration of the commission, to wit, for *seven years*. It is evident therefore the President and Council cannot remove any man from these offices, until convicted at common law, or on an impeachment, of a misbehaviour in office, unless by their *plenitude of power*, which has not hitherto been exercised or defined. Suppose further, that the Justice of Peace will not submit to this decision, and shall continue to exercise his office as before, and is obeyed as usual, or upon a trial, arising incidentally or even directly, respecting his authority, courts and juries should determine in his favor; wherethen would be the dignity and power of the House? If they should pass votes of contempt, how will they be carried into execution? All the *freeholders* in the State rise up, and say, *we* have the *exclusive right*, by the original compact, to choose our own Justices of the Peace, and we have not delegated the power of removing them, until they are convicted of *misconduct* by a jury of the country, or on an impeachment; in such a case, and in such only, the Assembly may remove them; and even then, if we think them innocent, we will re-elect them. This misconduct must be in the exercise of their office; for if they are convicted of any other offence, which bears no relation to their office, they ought to suffer the punishment prescribed by law, but no additional one can be inflicted; neither can they be punished for an *error in judgment*, because there is no law, precedent, or reason, for such a proceeding. And suppose the whole executive and judicial powers should join in opinion with the *minority* of the House, I am apt to believe their influence in the State would overpower *so small a majority*.

The Convention have wisely provided, that the Judges of the Supreme Court should be free from all bias, or suspicion thereof, in the decision of every cause; and for that purpose have declared, that they should have *fixed* salaries, and hold their commissions for seven years, if they so long behave themselves well. Though they did not mention by whom or how these salaries were to be fixed, it belonged of course to those who should hold the purse-strings; and accordingly the first General Assembly early in March 1777, and many months before any Judge was commissioned, fixed their annual salaries by a *vote*: Another Assembly, by a *law*, enacted that their salaries should be paid to them quarterly on their own draughts on the Treasurer of the state. The commissions were issued in the form above-mentioned, agreeable to the constitution. But the last Assembly have *lessened* these salaries, and many of the members have declared on the minutes, " that they had no authority to restrain future Assemblies from repealing, altering or amending their acts," thereby holding out an opinion, that any future Assembly could still *diminish* them. It seems strange, that the difference between a ministerial and a legislative act should not be discerned, and between an act of the Convention and that of the Assembly. The *Convention* made the law, that these salaries should be fixed; and the persons who were to do it, though not expresly designated, yet, from the nature of the business, were to be the *first General Assembly*; they executed the *authority*, and from that moment *it* was so far *determined*, that the salaries could not be *diminished* by any succeeding Assembly; the Judges then held their salaries under the constitution, and not under the Legislature; the intention of the Convention was compleated. I have said, that they could not be *lessened* by the assembly, though they may by a new Convention; because reason bespeaks, and such has been the opinion and practice of the British Parliament, that when, by the great influx of specie, money becomes depreciated, or, by additional duties imposed upon the Judges, their burthen is increased, their salaries not only *may*, but *ought* to be *enlarged*. If therefore the vote under consideration should prevail, it must follow, that the Justices of the Supreme Court of Judicature are dependent upon the Assembly for the time being, both for their *commissions* and *salaries*, and the *Judicial Power is but an empty name*. But surely our Judges ought to be under no bias or apprehension whatsoever in deciding any cause according to their consciences, even for a *poor labourer* against the most *popular* and *potent leader* in the Assembly; they ought not in judgment to be respecters of persons, but to hear both parties equally, the small as well as the great, without risquing in the least degree their commissions or their salaries; and none but wicked men can wish the contrary.

Let it be remembered, that one of the reasons assigned by Congress for the declaration of Independence was, " that the King of Great-Britain had made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries." And that the evil is the same, whether they are thus dependent on the *will* of one man, or of one body of men.

It will not be sufficient for the Assembly to *vote*, " that they have the right," and to conclude, " therefore they have it." They are a *limited Legislature*, and have no power " to add to, alter, abolish or infringe any part of the constitution." Where any section or sentence of the constitution will bear two constructions, that, which will be attended with the least evil, or productive of the most good, should be adopted. The wisest Legislators have always kept great constitutional questions out of sight as much as possible; it were to be wished, that the present General Assembly had pursued this rule on the occasion which has given rise to this essay.

The Supreme Court is the guardian of the morals of the commonwealth; it has a peculiar jurisdiction, not only over all capital offences, but also over all other misdemeanors of a public nature, tending either to a breach of the peace, or to oppression or faction, or *any manner of misgovernment*; and it is expresly authorized " to examine, correct and punish the contempts, omissions and neglects, favours, corruptions and defaults, *of all or any of the Justices of the Peace*, Sheriffs, Coroners, Clerks and other officers, within the respective counties of the state:" There can be no occasion therefore to wrest and torture words, for the purpose of giving jurisdiction to the General Assembly over Justices of the Peace.

I shall make no remarks upon the *same* question being put *twice* during the *same* session, but that such a precedent is not to be found in the Journals of the Lords or Commons of Great-Britain, that it is unparliamentary, indecisive, and inconsistent with reason and common sense, and therefore the last vote must be void.

To conclude: I flatter myself, it is by this time manifest to every unprejudiced understanding, that the General Assembly have no power to try and convict any judicial officer---that the obvious intention of the convention is against them---that if the *letter* instead of the *spirit* of the constitution is regarded, it will not support their claim---that this assumed jurisdiction is unnecessary, inexpedient, dangerous, fraught with mischief, and a violation of the original compact; and that therefore it cannot be submitted to, while there is any wisdom, liberty or virtue among the people.

March 8, 1783. JURISPERITUS.

PATENTED LANDS,

Mostly of the best quality,

TO BE SOLD,

On reasonable terms, and on easy payments to those who may require time. The situation and quality of said lands are briefly described, as follows:

1262 ACRES, on the waters of the Frankstown Branch of Juniata, and near that town, the upland is of an excellent quality, accommodated with a considerable proportion of good bottom for meadow; there is a grist-mill and a number of settlements near and adjoining.

3608 acres, in Morrison's Cove, being from 15 to 20 miles from the county town of Bedford, the upland is in general very good, with much valuable meadow ground; the whole lying on waters leading into the river Juniata.

487 ¾ acres, on Shover's run, about 6 or 8 miles from the town of Bedford, and includes a large quantity of good meadow ground.

176 ½ acres, within one mile and a half of Bedford, well timbered.

1004 acres, on and near the Raystown Branch of Juniata, about 25 miles below the town of Bedford; the land is in general good, and has a large proportion of valuable meadow.

728 acres rich limestone land, in Kishaquillis Valley; many settlements near it.

609 ½ acres, near the river Juniata, and from 20 to 25 miles west of the Susquehanna; a fine stream called Licking creek runs through it, on each side of which there is much good meadow ground.

856 acres on Cockelamus creek, 6 or 8 miles from the main branch of Juniata, and about 20 miles from the Susquehannah, generally settled round it, and adjoins the plantations of John Boyd and William Boyd, having a large proportion of good meadow ground.

885 acres on Penn's creek, navigable into the Susquehannah, being about 8 miles therefrom, is very good wheat-land, with much choice bottom for meadow.

6931 acres, at and near Tussey's mountain, on the east branch of Little Juniata; This is a body of excellent limestone land, well watered, with a good proportion of meadow ground; a number of settlements and improvements are near it.

1516 acres on Mohantango creek, 7 or 8 miles from the river Susquehannah, there are settlements adjoining and around this land, wich is well accommodated with meadow. For terms of sale and further particulars, enquire of PETER MILLER, Scrivener, in Third-street, a few doors from Arch-street, Philadelphia. t. b. c. 3 m. ¶

Northern-Liberties, March, 1783.

FOR SALE,

A GENTEEL well finished three story brick HOUSE, situate in Walnut-street, between Second and Third-streets.

Likewise, A LOT of three acres and a half of land, in the Northern-Liberties, whereon are a stone dwelling-house, tan-yard, orchard, &c. &c.

Also, A LOT of two acres and a half, in Passyunk township; there are on the premises a good frame tenement, garden, fruit-trees, &c. For terms apply to

THOMAS MARRIOT.

To be SOLD by order of the last will and testament of Jonathan Robeson, late of Whitemarsh township, in the county of Philadelphia, about 12 miles from the city,

THE PLANTATION whereon he dwelt, adjoining the farm formerly belonging to Edward Farmer and others, containing upwards of 200 acres of excellent limestone LAND. There is a lime-kiln and quarry on it, about 20 acres of meadow, the plough land lately limed, about 50 acres of woodland, the plough land very natural to clover, has frequently been mowed when sowed for pasture; there is on the premises a large stone dwelling-house, a well of water near the door, a large barn, with threshing-floor 20 feet square, a stable on each side, a large cow-house, corn-house, waggon-house, and other out houses, a good garden joining the house, a very valuable orchard of the best of grafted fruit, a young thriving peach orchard that has for two years past bore great quantities of the best peaches. And also about 20 acres, near half wood-land, near the above plantation, on which is a lime-kiln and quarry. For terms apply to PETER ROBESON, Executor, living near the premises.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased, are desired immediately to pay the same; and those who have any demands against it, to bring in their accounts, that they may be paid. ¶ *March* 20, 1783.

Durham Furnace, March 18, 1783.

WHEREAS the Copartnership of RICHARD BACKHOUSE and Company, at Durham Iron-works, expired on the sixteenth day of December last; Therefore all persons having any demands against the said copartnership are requested to bring in their accounts, in order to be settled and paid; and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, who is properly authorised to receive the same, or they may depend on being sued without further notice; and all persons who purchased articles at the vendue held at Durham last December, and who have neglected to give security for the payment, according to the conditions of said vendue, are hereby notified to make payment according to said conditions, without further notice, otherwise the accounts will be put into an Attorneys hands to recover, before next Bucks county Court.

¶ RICHARD BACKHOUSE.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.

Last Monday arrived here the Triumph sloop of war, belonging to His Most Christian Majesty, commanded by the Chevalier Duquesne, in 36 days from Cadiz. By her we have the following agreeable and interesting intelligence.

Copy of the Heads of the Preliminaries of Peace, signed the 20th of January, and transmitted here express on the 22d by the Marquis de Castries.

(Signed) ESTAING.

Cadiz, Feb. 11, 1783.

FRANCE shall keep Tobago and Senegal; France shall restore to Great-Britain, Grenada, St. Vincent, Dominique and St. Christophers; St. Eustatia, Demarara, Esequibo and the Berbices, shall be restored to Holland.

England shall restore to France, Goree, St. Lucia, St. Pierre and Miquelon.

The fisheries of France and England upon the coasts of Newfoundland shall remain upon the footing of the treaty of peace in 1763, except that part of the coast from Cape Bonavista to St. John's, which shall be ceded to Great-Britain.

France shall be re-established in India, as well in Bengal as on the east and west sides of the Peninsula, on the same footing as regulated by the treaty of 1763.

The articles of former treaties concerning the demolition of Dunkirk shall be suppressed.

Spain shall keep Minorca and West-Florida; England shall cede to Spain East-Florida.

An arrangement shall be made between Spain and England for cutting of wood in Campeachy.

England shall keep the Dutch settlement of Negapatan.

England shall restore to Holland Trincamale, if it is not retaken; and St. Eustatia, Demarara, Berbices, and Isequibo to be returned to them by France.

England acknowledges the Independence of the Thirteen United States of America.

The limits of the United States to be as agreed upon in the provisional articles between them and Great-Britain, except that they shall not extend further down the river Mississippi than the 32d degree of north latitude, from whence a line is to be drawn to the head of the river St. Mary, and along the middle of that river down to its mouth.

WE, CÆSAR ANNE DE LA LUZERNE, *Chevalier of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, Marechal des Camps and Armies of the King, Minister Plenipotentiary of his Most Christian Majesty to the United States of North-America, &c.*

Make known to all those whom it may concern, that the Chevalier Duquesne, Lieutenant, commanding his Majesty's cutter the Triumph, who arrived this day at this port, has communicated to us his orders, in form of a passport, which he received from Count D'Estaing, Vice-Admiral of France, of which the following is a copy;

CHARLES HENRY COUNT D'ESTAING, Vice-Admiral of France. Lieutenant-General of His Majesty's Forces, Knight of His Orders, &c.

IT is ordered that Monsieur the Chevalier Duquesne, Lieutenant, commanding His Majesty's Cutter the Triumph, do sail as soon as possible from the Bay of Cadiz, and inform all vessels that he may meet of the happy re-union of the belligerent powers. It is ordered, in the name of His Majesty, and by me, to all ships of the line, frigates, and other vessels belonging to His Majesty, that he may meet, that they abstain from all hostilities against the ships of war and merchant vessels of his Britannic Majesty; but, on the contrary, to give them all necessary aid and succour, and every testimony of a union re-established under the most happy auspices, and by the preliminaries which were signed the 20th of this month of January in the present year. It is ordered also, in his Majesty's name, that all vessels armed for war, and on a cruise, do return into port. After having given them a copy of this order, he shall take their names, likewise the date of the day that he shall have furnished it, and shall notify to them, that they shall answer personally for every deed which they may commit, contrary thereto.

Monsieur le Chevalier Du Quesne in virtue of the present order, which serves him for a passport, shall carry a flag of truce. He shall particularly cruize in those latitudes where he presumes he may meet the greatest number of French privateers, and shall endeavour to overtake them. If the events of the sea shall conduct him to any of the French colonies, or upon the coasts of the United States of America, he shall communicate the present orders to the Governor of the place, and to the armed vessels of the different nations that may be then there. He will likewise show the present passport to all vessels of war belonging to his Britannic Majesty, with whom he shall speak, and give them a copy signed by him, if they desire it. He shall likewise pay them every respect, which the first moments of a re-union demands, the object of his mission, (for the good of humanity, and as much as is in my power) being to hasten its happy effects.

Signed, D'ESTAING.

By order,
Signed MARTIN.
Cadiz, the 11th February, 1783.

And desiring to give all necessary authenticity and notoriety to these orders, we certify, by these presents, that the above is a true copy.

We likewise certify that M. le Chevalier Duquesne has informed us, that M. le Compte D'Estaing directed him to desire all vessels that he should find ready to sail, in the different ports where he shall have occasion to go, to delay their departure from the said ports until the arrival of official accounts of the signing of the preliminaries, the news of which cannot fail to arrive soon on this Continent.

GIVEN at Philadelphia, in our Hotel, this 24th of March, 1783.

Signed,

Le Chevalier de la Luzerne.

We hear that Congress have directed their Agent of Marine to recall all vessels, cruising under commissions from the United States of America.

The following American vessels were in Cadiz Bay on the 11th of February last:---Ship Ocean, Swain, from Salem; ship Diana, Andrews, from Marblehead; brig Ranger, Knight, from Cape-Ann; schooner Success, Barker, from Marblehead; schooner Mercury, M'Keever, from Baltimore; schooner Nonsuch, Coffin, and schooner Nonsuch, Anderson, from Edentown.

[*For the Militia and Supply Laws, &c. passed in the last Session of the General Assembly, see the Postscript.*]

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on immediately,

A LOT of GROUND, containing near two acres, bounded by Spruce and Broad-streets, a little to the westward of the house of employment. It is very suitable for a garden, and has on it a comfortable house of four rooms. Apply to THOMAS MORRIS, brewer, in Second-street, between Arch and Race-streets. ¶

RICHARD FOOTMAN

Has for SALE, at his Store in Second-street a few doors below Market-street, a new assortment of MERCHANDIZE, Imported in the last vessels from Europe, viz.

BEST super fine Broad-cloths, the most fashionable colours,
White and Spotted Swanskins,
Striped Cottons,
Cotton Checks,
Thread and Cotton Hose,
Marseilles Quilting,
Silk Mitts,
New fashion Cotton Shapes,
Moreen and Cotton Gown patterns,
Paris work Printed Handkerchiefs,
Jaconet & Gauze bordered ditto,
Scots Thread, Bobins & Tapes,
Pins and Needles,
Childrens Morocco Shoes and Pumps,
Womens Callimanco Shoes,
White and brown Ruffia Sheeting,
Russia Duck,
Britannias,
Laval Linens,
Bed Ticking,
6-4 Book Muslins and Humhums,
Fine Spring Muslins,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Light and Dark ground Callicoes and Chintzes,
India Chints,
Cyprus, Trimming and Nett Gauze,
An elegant assortment of Silks,
Clouded Mantuas, Lutestrings,
Brussels laced Lutestrings,
India Sattins
Black green and cloth coloured Ell-wide Persians,
Black Modes, Sattins, Mantuas, &c. &c.

Also best HYSON TEA.

N. B. Goods received on Commission as usual. ¶ 6 w.

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE to the Hair-Dressing Business. Enquire of

WILLIAM ANDERSON,

In Fourth-street opposite the Indian Queen, Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Anderson has for SALE, HAIR-POWDER, by Wholesale and Retail; Pomatum, Combs, Scissars, Raizors, Cork-screws, Knives and Forks, with an assortment of Perfumery, &c. &c. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate possession given,

A PLANTATION in Charles-town township, Chester county, containing 132 acres of excellent land, well improved and under good fence, a good orchard, barn, &c. and two tenements thereon, within four miles of the sign of the Bull. Only a small part of the purchase money will be wanted. For further particulars Enquire of the Printers.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On th 15th day of April next, on the premises,

THAT noted PUBLIC HOUSE, with excellent stables, &c. for the accommodation of travellers, and about 100 acres of LAND thereunto belonging, situate on the road leading from Philadelphia to Wilmington, near Marcus-Hook, late in the occupation of Major Archibald Dick, deceased; also a LOT of GROUND adjoining, containing about 20 acres of good land, part of which is marsh meadow, with a frame dwelling-house, a garden well fenced with pales, a pump of good water, and a good orchard thereon. To be sold either together or separate, as may best suit the purchaser. In case they are not sold on the aforesaid day, they will be afterwards sold at private sale.

All persons indebted to the estate of the said Archibald Dick, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers; and whoever has any demands against the said estate, are also desired to bring in their accounts, in order to be adjusted.

ELISHA DICK,)
March 24. † JOHN POWER,) Executors.

N. B. To be sold, 5 acres of highly improved Land, with a brick house and other valuable improvements, situate on Prospect Hill, near Marcus-Hook. Enquire of Jacob Hewes, near the premises.

The noble Horse GRAND DUKE,

WILL cover MARES, at Jacob Timanus's farm this ensuing season, in Upper Dublin township, Philadelphia county, two miles from the Spring-house tavern, and about the same distance from Major Wright's tavern, beginning on the first of April, and to continue till the first of August. Grand Duke is a beautiful sorrel, with a white star and stripe, and one white foot, he is three quarter blooded, full 16 hands and an half high, very proportionably and neat made; he was got by old Grandby on a very fine half blooded mare, his courage is equal to any horse in America, his carriage very fine and lofty, trots and gallops well, was 6 years old last grass, is very sure to get very fine colts, and will cover at Four Dollars and one bushel of oats for the season; the money to be paid when the mares are covered. Any gentlemen that sees proper to send their mares to be covered by Grand Duke, may depend on due attendance, by

¶ CONRAD CHARLES TIMANUS.

WAS STOLEN out of the pasture of General Armstrong, near Carlisle, on the 15th of September last, a dark brown MARE, rising 6 years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, branded on the near shoulder and buttock with the letter A, a few white hairs in her forehead, a saddle mark on her off shoulder, switch mane and tail, paces and trots at times, newly shod all round, supposed to be stolen by a certain Peter M'Guire and one M'Cormick, both deserters, and deserted at one time from Col. Butler's battalion, in Carlisle; the first is about 5 feet 8 inches high, slim made, dark complexion, and short curled hair. Whoever takes up and secures said thieves and mare, shall have FOUR POUNDS reward, or for the mare only THREE POUNDS, and reasonable charges, if delivered to General Armstrong or Jonathan Wallace, at Carlisle, or to the subscriber, in Christiana hundred, New-Castle county, 7 miles from Wilmington. JOHN ARMSTRONG.

N. B. It is thought those thieves will change their names. ¶

New-London township, March 8, 1783.

WHEREAS JOSEPH ALLISON, of said township, and county of Chester, obtained a note of me the subscriber, for the sum of Five Pounds, due the 15th day of April, 1783; these are therefore to warn all persons from taking an assignment on said note, as I am determined not to pay the same, as I never received any value for said note.

† THOMAS STRICKLAND.

By virtue of writs of Venditioni Exponas. to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, at the house of Major Holmes, near the premises, on the 4th of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,

A CERTAIN MESSUAGE and PLANTATION, situate in Lower-Dublin township, containing 123 acres; bounded by lands of James Leech, Benjamin Johnson, Lawrence Wistow and Jonathan Thomas; on which is a good barn, orchard, and meadow; it is well wooded and watered, and commands a beautiful prospect of the river Delaware, &c. Late the estate of John Dungan; taken in Execution, and to be sold, by

Philad. March 26, 1783. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

IN CONGRESS, Thursday, November 21, 1782.

THE Committee consisting of Mr. Howell, Mr. Gervais, and Mr. Hommedieu, having reported on the letter of the 6th, from the Governor of Maryland, relative to the case of Col. H. Hollingsworth. Resolved, That Congress are satisfied with the report of the Hon. Alexander Contee Hanson, Esq; one of the Judges of the General Court of the State of Maryland, on the case of Henry Hollingsworth, referred to him by the Executive of the said State, in pursuance of the act of Congress, of the 20th of July 1780; and that the complaint against the said H. Hollingsworth, be dismissed.

CHARLES THOMSON.

(Copy from the Journals.) ¶

Bucks county, March 14, 1783.

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, gave three bonds to a certain JOHN M'CAMMON, the first for Thirty-two Pounds and Ten Shillings, payable May 1, 1782; the second for Thirty Pounds, May 1, 1783; the third for Thirty Pounds, May 1, 1784; which were fraudulently obtained from me, in payment for a tract of land in Tyrone township, Cumberland county; and as I can find no such land in the place, to which I think he hath good right, I forewarn all persons from taking any assignments on said notes, as I will not pay any of them until I get the land, unless compelled thereto by law.

† ROBERT HARVEY.

LOFTY,

THAT beautiful horse, bred by George Milligan, Esq; of Cecil county, Maryland, remarkably active, which, added to his elegant form, is admired by all that see him, and points him out to be the finest horse on the continent of America.

He will cover mares at the subscriber's, in Kent county, and state aforesaid, at his plantation, within seven miles of Chester-Town and eight of Rock-Hall, at his old price of Five Pounds the season, and One Dollar specie for the groom. Good pasture at Two Shillings and Six-pence per week, and excellent lots of grass for fine mares (that may come a distance) to foal in, and there continue at reasonable rates according to their real value, or not exceeding Five Shillings per week, and great care taken of them. The money to be paid for the season next fall, and for pasture and groom at the time when the mares are done with the horse and taken away. The first of August is the end of the season, and it is expected that all mares that are pastured will be taken away at that time, if not before.

Lofty stood at the same place last season and covered so sure, that not more than seven out of the seventy-five which he was advertised to cover, missed being with foal, from the best accounts that have come to hand, and they not one of those that were pastured at the subscriber's for the season. The same number he is allowed to cover this season, and in his usual way, not to exceed three leaps in one day.

This famous horse is of so high character that fine mares were brought to him from five of the counties in the state of Maryland last year to cover. We offer him to the public of as fine running stock, and of the most beautiful figure of any horse in America, and his appearance to excellent judges testify the same. Therefore to prevent puffing, which has been always needless, for Lofty has every season the offer of more mares than his owner advertises him to cover, we will refer to his pedigree, which we declare to be just and true, from the accounts of gentlemen of undoubted character, and also to his great number of foals which are to be seen in many of the counties of the state of Maryland, and would be glad that gentlemen of judement would come and view Lofty, by which we may at another season, as well as this, advertise him the nonsuch.

Lofty is a black, rising eight years old, fifteen and an half hands high; he was got by Old Lofty, which was imported by John Allen, Esq; of Philadelphia, in the summer 1773, and advertised to cover in December following for the next season; he was near sixteen hands high, and superior in strength and figure to any full bred horse in America. He won, when in the possession of the Duke of Roxborough, his Majesty's plate of One Hundred Guineas, at Leith, was lamed in running at Durham, and never started afterwards. Old Lofty covered in Pennsylvania two years, and in the Jerseys three years, and was then sold into Virginia, as I am informed, for Nine Hundred Pounds specie. Old Lofty was got by Young Partner, out of Mr. Hutton's celebrated mare Diana, who won the purses at Hambledon, Doncaster and York; his grand-dam by Blaze, and his great grand-dam by Childers. Lofty's dam was the Maid of the Mill, bred by Governor Sharpe; she was got by Othello, who was got by Crab, who was got by the Godolphin Arabian; her dam was got by Juniper, imported by Colonel Sims, and sold for One Thousand Pounds, who covered at Ten Guineas the season, out of a mare got by Molton's Old Traveller, and out of Colonel Tasker's running mare Selima, who, besides beating all the best horses in Virginia, was the dam of Selim, Ariel, Partner, Ebony, Stella, &c. March 10, 1783. SIMON WICKES, jun.

Will be exposed to public Sale, on the seventh day of April next, on the premises,

A Valuable PLANTATION, or Tract of Land, situate in Pikeland township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, containing 100 acres, 60 whereof are cleared, and the remainder well timbered; a quantity of meadow, and more may be made; late the estate of Samuel Starr, deceased, and to be sold by BENJAMIN LONGSTRETH and CHARLES DILWORTH, executors.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has taken a convenient house near the bridge at Frankfort, five miles from this city, where he has provided every thing necessary and comfortable for the entertainment of travellers and others, as well as stabling and provender for horses. Those who will be kind enough to favour him with their custom may depend upon the best usage and attendance in his power to give. Also to be LETT by the same person, at the same place, a brick HOUSE and Garden, with near 20 acres of good land adjoining, part of which is newly cleared; this may be entered upon the 25th of March or the 1st of April next,

Philad. Dec. 16, 1782. JAMES MARTIN.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN wet off the tenter-bars of the subscriber, in the night of the 21st of February last, a piece of woollen CLOTH, about 13 or 14 yards long, three quarters wide, of a light colour, well raised, and would pass for a good bearskin, numbered at one end 61 with a linen thread, about three quarters of a yard from the same end there is about two inches of a blue thread wove in. Whoever takes up the thief, with the cloth, and secures him in any goal in this State or New-Jersey, so that he be brought to justice, and the cloth recovered, shall have the above reward, paid by the subscriber, living in Warminster township, Bucks county. ROBERT MILLER. ¶

WHEREAS the Eſtates hereunder mentioned, agreeable to the ſeveral Tax Laws of this Commonwealth, have been aſſeſſed, and made chargeable with the Payment of the ſeveral Sums of Money againſt them reſpectively placed, and the Owners have hitherto neglected to appear and diſcharge the ſame, altho' the Time and Times for that Purpoſe given and limited by Law are long ſince expired: WE, the Commiſſioners of Bucks County, therefore, purſuant to the ſaid Laws, do give this public Notice, that unleſs Payment of the ſaid Rates or Sums of Money (except the Sums due on the Firſt Claſs Tax) be made within Three Months from the Date hereof, and of the ſaid Claſſ Monies within Two Months, together with the Coſts of this Advertiſement, &c. the ſaid Eſtates will be ſold (or ſuch Parts of them as will be ſufficient) in Order to pay the ſame, with ſuch additional Coſts as will then have accrued.

SAMUEL SMITH,
FRANCIS MURRAY.
JOHN CARR.

Bucks County, January 29, 1783.

PLUMSTED Township.		County Tax, Con. Money.	45 Mill. Dol. Tax, Con. Mo.	1ſt 8 Mo. Contin. Money.	2d 8 Mo. Contin. Money.	1ſt Claſs Tax Con. Money.	Supplies for 1781. Specie.	Supplies for 1781. State Mo.	Funding Tax 1781 State.	2d Claſs Tax, Specie.	County Tax, Specie.
	Acres.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Benjamin Harbeſon	50	0 10 0	3 3 0	3 3 0					0 4 4	0 2 0	0 0 3
ROCKHILL Township.											
Land lately occupied by Michael Clark,	60			21 2 0							
---------- Maybury	600						6 10 0	6 10 0	13 0 0	3 12 0	0 6 6
FALLS Township.											
Thomas Barclay	220								11 7 6		
Jonathan Martin	1¾					8 8 0					
Matthew Muſgrove	1½					8 8 0					
Jacob Shallus	140					49 0 0					
Commons	100				164 0 0	57 8 0	1 17 0	1 17 0	3 15 0	1 2 0	0 2 0
James Moon	1					8 8 0					
Samuel Hillegas	190					63 10 0					
Colonel Lutterloh	60						0 18 0	0 18 0	1 16 0	0 10 6	0 1 0
Jones and Ledden	200						4 10 0	4 10 0	9 0 0	2 9 6	0 4 6
Jones and Reſburgh	40						0 9 0	0 9 0	0 18 0	0 5 0	0 0 6
HAYCOCK Townſhip.											
John Miller	10						0 1 6	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 1 0	0 0 3
SPRINGFIELD Townſhip.											
Land late John Chapman's	80						1 3 4		1 3 4	0 7 6	0 0 9
TINICUM Townſhip.											
John Bayley	150								2 0 0	0 11 0	0 1 0
Nicholas Patterſon	100								1 10 0	0 8 0	0 0 9

TO BE SOLD,

Purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of GEORGE GEARY, late of the townſhip of Gwynedd, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed,

A PLANTATION ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, contiguous to the great road leading from Philadelphia to Bethlehem, about 21 miles from the former, and within a half a mile of a free-ſchool, containing 112 acres of land, 15 acres of which is good meadow, 40 acres of wood-land, the remainder arable; there is on ſaid premiſes a log houſe, a large barn and a ſpring-houſe over a never failing ſpring of water, a bearing orchard of 150 apple trees, the whole in good repair.

For terms of ſale apply to GEORGE MARIS, and HUGH EVANS, Executors, near North-Wales meeting-houſe. ¶

December 3, 1782.

CAME on the premiſes of the ſubſcriber, living in Reading townſhip, York county, near Hamer's mill, a black Mare, about ſeven years old, and about 12 hands high; no brand nor ſaddle viſible or natural marks. The owner is deſired to come, and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JOHN NEELY.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN laſt night out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, in Sadſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, a grey Mare, 6 years old, 14½ hands high; ſhod before, no brand nor ear-mark, ſhort tail and the hair rubbed off her buttocks, natural to trot and goes faſt, was likely and in good order, when taken, EIGHT DOLLARS will be paid for the mare if recovered, and reaſonable charges, and the remainder for the thief, if convicted, by

Feb. 1, 1782. ¶ JOHN WASON.

THE Partnerſhip of *Price & Snowden* diſſolving the firſt of April, all thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Partnerſhip are requeſted to call on the Subſcribers for Payment; and all thoſe indebted to them are likewiſe requeſted to diſcharge the ſame as ſoon as poſſible.

PRICE and SNOWDEN.

Philadelphia, February 21, 1783. †

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of WILLIAM SHUTE, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible.

ANN SHUTE,) Aſtminiſtrat.
Feb. 26. † DANIEL SMITH,)

TO BE SOLD,

A QUANTITY of RIGHTS to locate Lands, in any Part of the Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, on reaſonable Terms, and a good Title will be made by the Subſcriber,

Mount-Pleaſant, Feb. 4, 1783. JOHN LEE.

*** A Man is wanted for one Year, to ſuperintend a Plantation; if well qualified (none elſe need apply) good Wages will be given.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of about 400 acres of LAND, ſituate on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, 6 miles from the latter, on which is a large merchant-mill compleatly finiſhed, with two water wheels and three pair of ſtones, cloths, &c. ſuitable for merchant and country work; there is on ſaid premiſes three good dwelling-houſes, one of which has been occupied as a tavern, and known by the name of the Red Lyon (at Mill-creek) for many years; the land good, well watered and timbered, and will be ſold together or in parcels, as beſt ſuits the purchaſers. A clear and indiſputable title will be made on payment of one third of the purchaſe money, and the remainder ſecured to be paid in payments, with or without intereſt, as we may agree. For terms of ſale apply to ABRAHAM GIBBONS, near the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, in the borough of Cheſter.

Second Month, 19th, 1783. JAMES GIBBONS.

N. B. If the above premiſes are not ſold by the firſt of Fifth Month, the mills will be rented. J. G.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of April next,

A COMMODIOUS two ſtory DWELLING-HOUSE, with kitchen, ſtables, &c. garden, two acres of good orchard, five acres of excellent meadow, and ſix acres of paſture or plough-land; all beautifully ſituate in New-Town, the metropolis of Bucks county. For terms, apply to Doctor JAMES TATE, on the premiſes. † Jan. 30, 1783.

LACAZE & MALLET,

At their STORE in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

An elegant aſſortment of Dry Goods,

Lately imported in the laſt veſſels from France.

Alſo good Engliſh MUSKETS.

To be Lett for a certain term of years,

A GRIST-MILL and SAW-MILL, ſituate in Goſhen townſhip, Cheſter county, within two miles of Goſhen meeting-houſe, with a good ſtream of water, a good dwelling-houſe and orchard, with upland and meadow ground; it may be entered on the firſt of April, or ſooner. For terms, enquire of

¶ THOMAS REES, living on ſaid premiſes.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JACOB WENTZ, ſen. late of Worceſter townſhip, Philadelphia county, deceaſed, by bills, bonds, notes, book-debts or otherwiſe, are hereby deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers hereof, of the townſhip and county aforeſaid, before the 27th day of May next, to prevent farther coſt; and all perſons, who have any juſt demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts, properly adjuſted.

¶ JACOB WENTZ, and) Adminiſtrators.
Feb. 3, 1783. MICHAEL CROLL,)

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN THORNHILL, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe perſons who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible. JOSEPH THORNHILL, RICHARD THORNHILL, JOHN THORNHILL, JOHN DOWERS, Adminiſtrators. *Feb. 17,* 1783.

DEAN and PURVIANCE,

Have juſt imported in the ſhips Congreſs and Intrepid, from France, and are now opening, the following GOODS, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the third door below the Drawbridge, which they will ſell on very reaſonable terms,

BLUE, brown, laylock, bloſſom, grey, hazle green, cheſnut, white, faun boue de Paris, mixed, and light coloured ſuperfine, midling and coarſe Cloths,
Nonbattu and royal Linens,
3-qr. and yard wide Brittanias,
Cottons, Calicoes and chintzes,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Striped, corded and lawn Handkerchiefs,
Milinet Lawn,
Marſeilles Quilting,
Plain and corded Dimities,
Dyed Jeans,
Womens white and coloured Kid Gloves,
A great Variety of plain and painted broad and narrow Ribbands,
Striped, flowered, plain, French and Italian Gauze,
A large Aſſortment of white and black blond Lace,
Men and Womens Silk Stockings,
Black Taffeties,
Black, white, cinnamon, roſe, ſilver grey, plum and Paris mode coloured Sattins,
Black Paduaſoy and Prunellas,
Striped Ticking,
Crimſon, pink and light blue Perſians,
Silk Shoe Patterns, Pins, &c.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

And may be entered on immediately,

A WELL finiſhed two ſtory brick HOUSE, two rooms on each floor, an elegant Piazza 30 feet by 12, floored: Alſo, a ſmall frame BUILDING, ſuitable for a ſmall family, with a Stable and Chaiſe-houſe, two large Gardens well fenced, with ſome fruit Trees, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, between the middle and upper ferries, in the city of Philadelphia, and commands a beautiful proſpect of the river: Alſo, ſeveral LOTS in the City, from one to four acres. For particulars enquire of the Printer. D. J.

FOR SALE,

A PLANTATION in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres, more or leſs, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, ſpring-houſe, barn and ſtables, a large young orchard, and 20 acres of meadow, and near as much more may be made at a reaſonable expence; there are about 80 acres of it good woodland, and ſo convenient to the lime-kilns, that it may be limed for leſs than Sixpence per buſhel. Poſſeſſion may be had the 25th of March next. For terms of ſale, apply to NONES and COHEN, Brokers, in Front-ſtreet, next to the Poſt-office.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1783.

N. B. The above mentioned land is ſituate on the direct line between the Court-houſe of Lancaſter and Philadelphia. The line has been run, and the road will run through it, which will undoubtedly render it a ſuitable place for a ſtore or tavern.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE into the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip of Cheſter, county of Burlington, ſtate of New-Jerſey, a yellow NEGROE MAN, with large fore teeth; had on a pair of ſtriped trowſers, white cap, and no hat, his other clothes not remembered. He demanded the ſubſcriber's money, who being hard of hearing did not underſtand him, his wife endeavoured to tell what he ſaid; the Negroe ſaid if ſhe ſpoke one word he would put her to death. The Negroe having a piſtol in his hand, diſcharged it at the ſubſcriber, and the two balls that were in the piſtol, hit the leather jacket he had on, but did not enter his body, though he was very much hurt, and the Negroe immediately left the houſe. Any perſon, who will apprehend and ſecure the ſaid Negroe in any Goal, ſo that he may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

Feb. 3, 1783. THOMAS WARRINGTON.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12, 1783.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. JOSEPH SIMS, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are hereby earneſtly deſired to make immediate payment; thoſe perſons who are in arrears for intereſt money, and neglect to comply with the above requeſt in ſix weeks from this date, may depend on being dealt with as the law directs, without further notice.

ANN SIMS, Executrix,
¶ WOODDROP, SIMS, Executor.

WHereas Mr. *Guillier de Mondoucet*, a French gentleman from Nogent Le Rotrou, and ſuppoſed to be now on the continent of North-America, is become heir to a very conſiderable fortune in France, by the demiſe of his parents. This is to deſire any perſon or perſons who may have heard of the ſaid Mr. Guillier, to inform Meſſrs. LACAZE and MALLET, merchants in Philadelphia, by letter or otherwiſe, what is become of him, whether he be dead or living.

All information concerning the ſaid Mr. Guillier will be thankfully received by LACAZE & MALLET.

Philad. Feb. 4, 1783.

TO BE LETT,

About nine miles from this city, in a good neighbourhood,

A GENTEEL well-finiſhed dwelling houſe, two ſtories high, and garrets; there are four large rooms below, and five up ſtairs, a large kitchen adjoining, with chambers over it, and a cellar under the whole, large piazzas on the back and front ſides of the houſe, a large paled garden, with a variety of fruit, and in compleat order, and about twenty acres of upland and meadow, with a ſufficient quantity of fire wood, ſtabling for eight horſes, a carriage houſe, and hen houſe, and every other convenience, ſuitable for a gentleman's family. For particulars enquire of the Printers.

N. B. More land may be had with the above premiſes, if required, and ſupplied with every kind of ſtock, and a great variety of poultry, at a very reaſonable rate.

To be Sold or Lett by the ſubſcriber,

or exchanged for a Houſe in town,

THE elegant HOUSE and LOT he now lives in, near the two mile ſtone on the Frankford road: Likewiſe to be ſold, Two LOTS of GROUND, ſituated on the north ſide of a fifty feet ſtreet, extending into Paſſyunk road, near the ſouth bounds of the city, one of them containing in front 100 feet, and in depth 180 feet; bounded weſterly by ground of William Drury, and northerly partly by Drury's ground and partly by a ſeven feet alley: The other lot containing 50 feet in front, and 180 feet in depth; bounded weſterly by ground late of Peter Howard, northerly by the above mentioned ſeven feet alley, weſterly by a 14 feet alley. Enquire of Mr. ALEXANDER TODD, merchant, in Front-ſtreet, or of ¶ RICHARD FARMER.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

living in the townſhip of Midletown, and county of Cheſter,

A LOT of GROUND, whereon are a large three ſtory brick houſe, kitchen, tanyard and draw-well, &c.

Alſo a LOT of GROUND on Ridley creek, containing eight acres and one quarter, about one half marſh, in good timothy graſs, the other half upland, whereon is a good bearing orchard; all ſituate in the borough of Cheſter; which will be ſold ſeparate or together. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above premiſes, by applying to the ſubſcriber, may know the terms of ſale.

Jan. 7. 1783 ¶ ROBERT PENNELL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been taken up treſpaſſing in the incloſures of the ſubſcribers, living in Mannelan townſhip, in the county of York, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania, the 10th inſtant: Two ſtray MARES, the one a ſorrel, about 13 hands high, three white feet, with a blaze in her face, and a ſmall white ſpot on one ſide of her neck, no brand, ſuppoſed to be about 12 years old; the other a dark roan, about 13 hands high, no brand nor particular marks, ſuppoſed to be 10 years old. The owner or owners is deſired to prove their property, pay charges, and take them away

LAWRENCE BOSMAN,
Dec. 24, 1782. ¶ JOHN SIMONS.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of WILLIAM JACKSON, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible. MARY JACKSON, Adminiſtratrix.

§ 4 w WILLIAM ADCOCK, Adminiſtrator.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11, 1783.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber gave a bond to Richard Gregory, of Hartford county, in Maryland, for Forty Pounds, in gold or ſilver money, bearing date October the 16th, 1782; this is therefore to forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment of the ſaid bond, as they may depend I will not pay it, without being compelled by law.

BENJAMIN MYERS.

N. B. Theſe are to notify the above named Richard Gregory to call on the ſubſcriber, to rectify the wilful miſtake made, otherwiſe he may depend on being proſecuted. ¶ B. M.

Philadelphia, March 19, 1782.

THE partnerſhip of George Meade, and Company, having expired the firſt inſtant, all thoſe who have any demands againſt them, are requeſted to call on the ſubſcriber for payment, who is duly authoriſed to ſettle the affairs of the late Company; and all thoſe indebted to them are likewiſe requeſted to diſcharge the ſame immediately.

GEORGE MEADE.

GEORGE MEADE has removed his compting-houſe to his dwelling-houſe, at the ſouth-weſt corner of Walnut and Third-ſtreets, where he has for ſale, Havanna Sugars in boxes, Weſt-India Rum by the hogſhead, a good aſſortment of Dry Goods by the bale or ſmaller quantity, Beef and Pork by the barrel.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

POSTSCRIPT
TO THE
PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2754.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

A further Supplement to the Act, entituled "An Act for "the Regulation of the Militia of the Commonwealth "of *Pennsylvania*," and to repeal the Act, entituled "*A Supplement to the Act for the Regulation of the Militia* "*of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania."

WHEREAS it is conceived that the Act of General Assembly, entituled, "*An Act for the Regulation* "*of the Militia of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania," passed the twentieth day of *March*, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty, may be improved, by the abolition of the office of Sub-Lieutenants of the city and counties, by appropriating the fines, and ascertaining the pay of the militia, and by altering the days of mustering, and other alterations hereinafter mentioned:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same*, That, from and after the first day of *April* next, the office of Sub-Lieutenant of the city of *Philadelphia*, and the several counties of this State, shall be, and the same is hereby vacated and abolished; and the Lieutenants of the said city and counties respectively shall do, exercise and perform, all and singular the duties, matters and things, required by the act aforesaid to be done and performed by the Sub-Lieutenants, excepting as is hereinafter directed.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Lieutenants of the city and counties aforesaid shall each of them have and receive the sum of *Twelve Shillings and Six-pence*, and no more, for every day they shall be actually employed in doing and performing the respective duties required by this act, and the act to which this is a supplement.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons do think him or themselves aggrieved by any thing done in pursuance of the act of Assembly aforesaid, in order that he or they may have their grievances redressed, the Lieutenants of the city of *Philadelphia*, and of the several counties, shall, forthwith after the marching of the militia, proceed to superintend the appeals from day to day, *Saturdays* and *Sundays* only excepted; and the Lieutenant shall transmit his orders, specifying the time and place of meeting of the several appeals, to the Lieutenant-Colonel, or commanding officers of each battalion within his jurisdiction, without delay, who shall forthwith send the same, by the Adjutant of such battalion, or by some other fit person, to the several Captains or commanding officers of companies within the district thereof, as speedily as may be; and the said Captains or commanding officers of companies, shall thereupon notify the same to every person enrolled in their several companies, in the manner and within the time prescribed by the aforesaid act.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That hereafter the Captain or commanding officer of the company, in which a substitute shall serve, shall have the sole and exclusive power of determining on the abilities and fitness of such substitute; and the Lieutenant of the city and each county hereafter shall appoint two honest and skillful freeholders to appraise, on oath or affirmation, the horses and accoutrements of persons serving as light horse.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the several and respective officers, who shall hereafter be elected or appointed, agreeable to the aforesaid act, shall serve respectively as officers of the militia for and during the term of three years; and in case of death, resignation, or cashiering by a Court-Martial, the vacancy shall be supplied by election, in the same manner as the officers were first elected by the aforesaid act, any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, That any officer cashiered shall not be capable of being re-elected.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall be capable of electing officers, or to be elected, who has not taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance, according to law, to this or some one of the United States; any thing in the act to which this is a further supplement to the contrary notwithstanding, young men who have arrived to the age of eighteen years since the time limited by law for taking the oath or affirmation of allegiance as aforesaid, and all such who have mustered or performed a tour of militia duty, excepted.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the returns hereafter to be made, by the Captains or commanding officers of companies, of the delinquents on all days of exercise, together with the fines by them received from any such delinquents, shall be upon oath or affirmation.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That, from and after the passing of this act, the whole of the militia of this State shall be subject to be exercised in companies, under their respective officers, as followeth, *that is to say*; in the city of *Philadelphia* and districts annexed, in companies, on the two last *Mondays* in the Month of *April*; and the first battalion, in battalion, on the first *Monday* in the month of *May*; the second battalion on the *Tuesday* following; the third battalion on the *Wednesday*; and so on, according to their numerical rank, on every day of the week (*Saturday* and *Sunday* excepted) until the whole number of battalions shall have mustered in the aforesaid manner; and in autumn or fall season of the year, shall meet to exercise in companies, the two first *Mondays* in the month of *September*; and the first battalion, in battalion, on the third *Monday* of the said month; the second battalion on the *Tuesday* following; the third battalion on the *Wednesday*; and in this manner until the whole number of battalions have mustered, except as before excepted; and in each and every county in the following manner, that is to say; in companies, the two last *Mondays* in the month of *April*; and in battalion, in the following manner, *to wit*; the first battalion shall meet, in battalion, on the first *Monday* in the month of *May*; the second battalion on the *Tuesday* following; the third battalion on the *Wednesday*; and so on, according to the days of the week (*Saturday* and *Sunday* excepted) until the whole number of battalions belonging to each county shall have mustered in this manner; and in companies, the first and second *Mondays* in the month of *October*; and the first battalion, in battalion, on the next succeeding *Monday*; the second battalion on the *Tuesday* following; the third on the *Wednesday*; and in this manner until the whole number of battalions belonging to each county, according to their ranks, severally shall have mustered on any day it may happen, except as before is excepted; and the militia shall be, and is hereby indemnified and excused from mustering on any other days than those enumerated in this act.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any commissioned officer shall neglect or refuse to attend on any of the days appointed for exercise in company, as aforesaid (unless prevented by sickness, or some other unavoidable accident) such commissioned officer shall forfeit and pay the sum of *Ten Shillings*; and any non-commissioned officer or private, and all enrolled persons, so refusing or neglecting (except as before excepted) shall forfeit and pay the sum of *Five Shillings*; and upon a battalion day, a field officer who shall neglect or refuse to attend shall forfeit and pay the sum of *Forty Shillings*; and every other officer, non-commissioned officer, or private, and all enrolled persons, refusing to meet and exercise on battalion days, shall forfeit and pay double the fines or forfeitures they may incur for non-attendance on company days, as aforesaid, except as before excepted.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the fines incurred by any person for non-attendance on muster days, from and after the first day of *April* next, shall be, and they are hereby appropriated for the purchasing of arms and accoutrements for such persons, enrolled in the militia of the city and counties respectively, as shall be unable to purchase for themselves; and that the arms and accoutrements so purchased, from time to time, be distributed by the lieutenants equally amongst the several battalions, the commanding officers whereof shall cause the same to be deposited in some suitable place or places within the district of such battalion, for the use aforesaid, and shall be responsible to the Lieutenants for their safe keeping.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any persons, who may have acted in the office of Lieutenant or Sub-Lieutenant of the city of *Philadelphia*, or any of the counties of this State, shall, upon the resignation of his office, or being legally superceded therein, refuse to deliver up to his successor in office, or to any person who is or shall be appointed by the President or Vice-President in Council to receive the same, all and singular the books, duplicates, returns or other papers, belonging to or in use in the said office (demand being made thereof in writing) he or they, so offending, shall forfeit the sum of *Five Hundred Pounds*, and the necessary costs of prosecution, for every such refusal, to be recovered by his said successor in office, or other person duly authorised as aforesaid, upon indictment, bill, plaint or information, or by action of debt, in any Court of Record within this State, to be applied as other militia fines are directed by the law to which this is a supplement; and in case of a second refusal, such person shall suffer as well the said penalty, as the further punishment of six months imprisonment, without bail or mainprize; and the justices of the court where such penalty shall be recovered, shall order the said commitment accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commanding officers of the respective battalions shall attend at the place of rendezvous of the marching class or classes, and the commanding officers of the marching class or classes are hereby required then and there to deliver to the commanding officer of the battalion, a muster roll of all those who attend and proceed to perform their then required tour of duty, under the penalty of *Fifty Pounds*; which return or muster roll shall be transmitted by the said commanding officer of the battalion within five days after marching, under the penalty of *One Hundred Pounds*, to the Lieutenant of the city or county to which they belong; and the said Lieutenants shall, after the appeals are ended, without delay, make out fair duplicates in writing of the fines incurred in each battalion, and shall deliver the same to the respective collectors of the supply taxes for the time being in each township, ward or district, who are hereby authorised and enjoined to levy and receive from each and every person the sum annexed to his name; and the said collectors shall be entitled to the like reward as the sheriff heretofore by virtue of the aforesaid act; and the monies so collected shall be paid by the respective collectors to the treasurer of the county within which they inhabit, under the penalty of *Five Hundred Pounds*, and by him to the treasurer of the state, to be by him kept apart, as a fund towards paying the militia, to which purpose the same is hereby appropriated, and to no other use whatsoever; but the militia of any county shall not be entitled to draw on the state treasury for more money than has been paid into the same by the treasurer of the county, to which the militia applying belong, until the fines arising from the delinquency of such county shall be paid into the state treasury as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when the militia, or any detachment thereof, are called out on duty, each officer, non-commissioned officer and private shall receive pay equal to the pay allowed to officers, non-commissioned officers and privates in the continental army, and no more; and that every person refusing or neglecting to perform his tour of duty shall pay *Ten Pounds Ten Shillings* for every such neglect or refusal.

AND WHEREAS it is just and reasonable, that those who have considerable property should pay for the protection of that property, when they do not give their service in facing danger in the field, or bearing any of the necessary fatigues attending a military life, and to compel all persons to give their personal service, or some equivalent therefor, in some proportion to such property:

Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every person and persons who are, in and by the act to which this is a supplement, required to perform a tour of duty, and have an estate, shall pay for neglecting to perform the said tour of duty, in addition to the sum fixed as aforesaid, a sum equal to one fifth part of the amount of the sum he is rated, and to pay on all his rateable property and occupation in the manner directed to be ascertained by the act for raising supplies for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty three, and as may be directed to be taken by every yearly or other state tax in future.

Provided always, That the forty third and forty fourth sections of the act to which this is a supplement be, and the same are hereby repealed and made void.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the act for regulating the militia of this Commonwealth, as is herein altered and amended, be, and the same is hereby repealed; and also that the act, entituled, "*A Supplement to the Act entituled An Act for the regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania," passed on the twenty-second day of *September*, which was in the year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and eighty, is hereby repealed, made null and void.

Signed, by Order of the House,

FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, Speaker.

Enacted into a law, at Philadelphia, *on* Friday, *the twenty-first day of* March, *in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred eighty and three.*

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

An ACT *for raising and collecting of money on the specified articles therein mentioned, for the support of government, and for other purposes therein mentioned.*

WHEREAS it is necessary to raise a sum of money for the support of government, discharging its debts and incidental expences, and preserving the public credit:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same*, That there shall be raised, levied and collected, for the uses aforesaid, annually hereafter, from the owner or possessor of every billiard table, the sum of *Fifteen Pounds*; from the owner or possessor of every one horse two wheeled sulky, solo, chair or chaise, the sum of *One Pound Ten Shillings*; from the owner or possessor of every carriage, commonly called a phæton or four wheeled chaise, the sum of *Four Pounds*; from the owner or possessor of every carriage, commonly called a coach, chariot or post-chaise, the sum of *Seven Pounds Ten Shillings*; from the owner or possessor of every covered family waggon, commonly called a caravan, the sum of *Three Pounds*; from the owner or possessor of every stage-coach, the sum of *Seven Pounds Ten Shillings*; and from the owner or possessor of every stage-waggon, the sum of *Five Pounds*.

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this act, the Prothonotary of the city and county of *Philadelphia* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, for every writ, whether original or judicial, mesne process, or any writ which shall be issued in the course of any action (supœnas for witnesses, and writs issued in behalf of this Commonwealth, only excepted) the sum of *Five Shillings and Seven-pence*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Bucks* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Two Shillings*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Chester* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Three Shillings and Nine-pence*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Lancaster* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of of *Five Shillings*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *York* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Four Shillings*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Cumberland* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Four Shillings*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Berks* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Three Shillings*;

And the Prothonotary of the county of *Northampton* shall pay, out of the fees of his office, as aforesaid, the sum of *Two Shillings and Six-pence*;

Which sums, arising from writs as aforesaid, shall be severally paid by the respective Prothonotaries unto the Treasurer of the State once in every six months, having first settled and registered an account thereof with the Comptroller-General, who is hereby impowered and directed to settle all such accounts, on oath or affirmation of each and every Prothonotary; and on neglect or refusal to account and pay, as herein set forth, each Prothonotary so neglecting or refusing shall forfeit and pay, for the use of this Commonwealth, the sum of *Five Hundred Pounds*, to be recovered in any court of record where such Prothonotary dwells.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case of removal, resignation or death of any Prothonotary as aforesaid, he, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, as the case may be, shall pay such sums as are above rated on every writ as aforesaid, and not before accounted for.

And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any owner or possessor of any of the articles herein before mentioned, whereon specified sums of money are by this act directed to be raised and collected, shall neglect or refuse to make true returns thereof to the assessor of the proper township or district for the time being, such own-

tr or poſſeſſor ſhall pay double the tax or ſum of money herein before directed to be raiſed on ſuch article, to be levied and collected for the uſes aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the commiſſioners, aſſeſſors and collectors, ſhall have and exerciſe the like powers in raiſing, levying and collecting the money to be raiſed upon the articles above mentioned, as the commiſſioners, aſſeſſors and collectors reſpectively have, in and by an act, entituled "*An act to raiſe effective ſupplies for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two*" paſſed the twenty-ſeventh day of *March*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two.

And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That from and after the paſſing of this act, there ſhall be raiſed, levied and collected, for the uſes aforeſaid, an impoſt or duty, of *Four-pence per* gallon, on all wines imported into this ſtate in caſks, and *One Shilling per* dozen, on all wines imported in bottles; the above ſums reſpectively to be paid, over and above the exciſe or duty directed to be raiſed, levied, collected and paid, by an act, entituled "*A ſupplement to an act, entituled an act for amending and continuing an act, entituled an act for the ſupport of the government of this province, making the exciſe on wine, rum, brandy and other ſpirits more equal, and preventing frauds in the collecting and paying the ſaid exciſe*," paſſed the nineteenth day of *March*, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, and over and above the duty impoſed by an act, entituled, "*An act for an impoſt on goods, wares and merchandize, imported into this ſtate*," paſſed the twenty-third day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty.

And be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That hereafter there ſhall be raiſed, levied and collected, a duty or impoſt of *Four-pence per* gallon on all ſtrong beer, ale and porter, imported into this ſtate in caſks, and *Two Shillings and Six-pence per* dozen on ſuch beer, ale and porter, imported in bottles, and a duty or impoſt of *Two-pence per* pound on all refined loaf ſugar ſo imported.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the naval officer for the time being, and his deputy and aſſiſtants, ſhall have and exerciſe all and every of the powers, for the raiſing, levying, collecting and ſecuring of the payment of the duties and impoſts herein before mentioned, as ſaid naval officer, his deputy and aſſiſtants have, in and by an act, entituled "*An act for an impoſt on goods, wares and merchandize imported into this ſtate*," paſſed the twenty-third day of *December*, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That all the monies to be raiſed and collected by virtue of this act, ſhall be applied for the ſupport of government, diſcharging its debts and incidental expences, and preſerving the public credit.

Signed, by Order of the Houſe,
FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, Speaker.

Enacted into a law, at Philadelphia, *on* Thurſday, *the twentieth day of* March, *in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and three.*
PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

An ACT *for providing the quota of fœderal ſupplies for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and three, and for the relief of the citizens of this ſtate, who have become creditors of the United States of* America, *by loans of money, or other modes of furniſhing public ſupplies.*

WHEREAS the United States of *America*, in Congreſs aſſembled, by their act of the eighteenth day of *October* laſt, have required of the ſeveral ſtates in union their reſpective quotas of the ſum of *Two Millions of Dollars*, for the ſervice of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and three, the proportion or quota whereof allotted to and required of this commonwealth is ſtated at *Three Hundred Thouſand Dollars*, which requiſition the repreſentatives of the freemen of this ſtate are deſirous ſhould be complied with:

AND WHEREAS a great number of the virtuous citizens of this ſtate, from motives of patriotiſm and zeal in the common cauſe, and confiding in the public promiſes and plighted faith of the United States, have advanced large portions of their property, by loans and otherwiſe, to the public uſe, at the more early and hazardous periods and gloomy ſeaſons of this great conteſt for the liberties and independence of the United States:

AND WHEREAS it is highly expedient and proper, as well from motives of good policy and a regard to the preſervation of public credit, as by an act of juſtice to enable thoſe worthy citizens, who have exhauſted their ſubſtance by loans to the public, to pay their proportion of taxes, and thereby to facilitate the collection of the requiſite ſupplies for the current ſervice, which the good citizens of this ſtate are deſirous to furniſh, that proviſion be made for the payment of the intereſt on ſuch of the ſaid debts as are due to the citizens of this ſtate, until the United States ſhall be enabled to appropriate adequate funds for that purpoſe:

AND WHEREAS the ſaid United States, in Congreſs aſſembled, did, by a certain act, on the tenth day of *September*, one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and two, require of the ſeveral ſtates to raiſe their reſpective quotas of the ſum of *Twelve Hundred Thouſand Dollars*, for the purpoſe of paying the intereſt due on loan-office certificates, and other aſcertained debts of the United States, the proportion or quota whereof required of this ſtate is *One Hundred and Eighty Thouſand Dollars*:

AND WHEREAS it appears that the ſaid ſum of *One Hundred and Eighty Thouſand Dollars* will be inſufficient to pay one year's intereſt on the debts due to the citizens of this ſtate, who are creditors of the United States to a much larger amount than the quota of this ſtate of the whole of the public debts; and it being the deſire of the legiſlature to raiſe and appropriate for this purpoſe, a ſum ſufficient to pay one year's intereſt on all the aſcertained debts due from the United States to the citizens of this ſtate, which it is ſuppoſed will require the ſum of *One Hundred and Twenty Thouſand Dollars*, in addition to the *One Hundred and Eighty Thouſand Dollars* ſo required by Congreſs, making in the whole *Three Hundred Thouſand Dollars*, over and beſides the aforeſaid *Three Hundred Thouſand Dollars* to be raiſed as the quota of this ſtate, for the current ſervice of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and three. To the end, therefore, that the quota of this ſtate of the ſupplies required for the ſervice of the year one thouſand ſeven hundred eighty and three may be the more ſpeedily and certainly raiſed and furniſhed, and the public creditors at the ſame time receive temporary relief,

Be it enacted by the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, *in General Aſſembly met, and by the authority of the ſame*, That the ſum of *Two Hundred and Twenty-five Thouſand Pounds*, being equal in value to *Six Hundred Thouſand Spaniſh milled Dollars*, ſhall be aſſeſſed, raiſed and levied, in gold and ſilver monies, and in the notes herein after mentioned, upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, as herein after directed, within the city and ſeveral counties of this ſtate, by four equal proportions or payments, whereof the firſt ſhall be collected and made on or before the firſt day of *July* next; the ſecond proportion in three months after the firſt; and ſo of the other two proportions; each to be collected and paid three months after the other, ſo that the whole of the ſaid ſum of *Two Hundred and Twenty-five Thouſand Pounds* ſhall become due and be levied, collected and paid within one year from and after the ſaid firſt day of *July* next, according to the method, and in the proportions following; *that is to ſay*,

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the city and county of *Philadelphia*, the ſum of *Seventy-four Thouſand Five Hundred and Forty three Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Bucks*, the ſum of *Fourteen Thouſand Seven Hundred and Forty four Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Cheſter*, the ſum of *Twenty three Thouſand Six Hundred and Sixty-eight Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Lancaſter*, the ſum of *Thirty-two Thouſand and Thirty-two Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *York*, the ſum of *Seventeen Thouſand Eight Hundred and Forty-ſix Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Cumberland*, the ſum of *Sixteen Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-four Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Berks*, the ſum of *Sixteen Thouſand One Hundred and Eleven Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Northampton*, the ſum of *Nine Thouſand Two Hundred and Seventy-four Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Bedford*, the ſum of *Five Thouſand and Eighty-four Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Northumberland*, the ſum of *Six Thouſand Two Hundred and Eighty Pounds*.

Upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Weſtmoreland*, the ſum of *Four Thouſand Three Hundred and Twenty-two Pounds*.

And upon the eſtates real and perſonal, and perſons, within the county of *Waſhington*, the ſum of *Four Thouſand Three Hundred and Twenty-two Pounds*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the ſeveral directions, authorities and powers, rewards, penalties and ſanctions, appeals, remedies and allowances, contained in and provided by an act of the General Aſſembly of this commonwealth, paſſed on the twenty-ſeventh day of *March* laſt, entituled "*An Act to raiſe effective ſupplies for the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-two*," for the purpoſes therein ſet forth (the ſame being accommodated to the intent and deſign of this act, by altering the dates in the oaths and affirmations of office thereby directed, to the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-three, and otherwiſe adapting the ſaid act to the purpoſes of this act) ſhall be, and the ſame hereby are extended to the raiſing, levying, collecting and ſecuring the payment of the aforeſaid ſum of *Two Hundred and Twenty-five Thouſand Pounds*; and all fines, forfeitures and penalties, which may thereby accrue, and become due and payable, according to the repartition of the taxes aforeſaid upon the city and ſeveral counties of this ſtate reſpectively, in manner aforeſaid; and the ſaid recited act ſhall be accordingly applied and enforced to the execution of this act, in ſuch manner as to bring into the treaſury of this ſtate the taxes directed by this act, except in ſuch caſes and inſtances wherein ſpecial proviſion is made, or as in and by this act is otherwiſe directed.

AND WHEREAS it is deſigned that a ſum, not exceeding *Three Hundred Thouſand Dollars*, part of the taxes by this act to be raiſed and levied as aforeſaid, ſhould be appropriated and paid to the public creditors herein before mentioned, as a temporary relief till more permanent and certain proviſion can be made for them: AND WHEREAS it may improve and haſten ſuch relief, and facilitate the payment of the taxes aforeſaid, if notes be prepared and iſſued to the ſaid public creditors, which notes ſhall be received in payment of the ſaid taxes:

Be it enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the treaſurer of this ſtate be authoriſed and empowered, and he is hereby authoriſed, empowered and directed to prepare, at the public expence, notes reſpectively payable to the bearer thereof, to the amount of *Three Hundred Thouſand Dollars*, of the following denominations; that is to ſay,

Five thouſand and ſixty-three notes of *Twenty Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-three notes of *Fifteen Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-four notes of *Twelve Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-three notes of *Six Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-four notes of *Three Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-four notes of *Two Dollars* each.

Five thouſand and ſixty-three notes of *One Dollar* each.

Five Thouſand and ſixty-four notes of *One Quarter of a Dollar* each.

Which notes ſhall be printed in ſuch form, and with ſuch devices and checks, as the ſaid treaſurer ſhall deviſe, and the preſident or vice-preſident and council ſhall approve; and the ſaid notes, of each denomination, ſhall be numbered from number one progreſſively, and ſhall be ſigned by the ſaid treaſurer, and by him delivered to *Thomas Smith*, Eſquire, continental loan-officer for this ſtate, at ſuch times, and in ſuch quantities, as the preſident or vice-preſident, by warrant under his hand in council, ſhall from time to time direct, which warrant ſhall be regiſtered in the office of the comptroller-general of this ſtate; and thereupon the ſaid loan-officer ſhall become anſwerable for the ſum mentioned in every ſuch warrant; and the ſaid loan-officer, previous to his iſſuing or paying away the ſaid notes in manner herein after directed, ſhall counterſign each and every note he ſhall iſſue or pay.

And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid loan-officer to pay, with and out of ſuch notes as aforeſaid, the lawful intereſt for one year on all ſuch certificates of monies loaned to the United States, or other certificates of debts due from the United States, liquidated, aſcertained and certified, according to the directions of the United States, in Congreſs aſſembled (other than certificates for pay or other perſonal demands of officers, civil or military, or of ſoldiers or ſeamen) as ſhall be demanded by the holders or poſſeſſors of the ſaid certificates, and ſuch payment ſhall be endorſed thereon; provided that ſuch certificates as aforeſaid were originally iſſued from the loan-office of this ſtate, or given or granted for articles furniſhed, or ſervices done and performed by the citizens of this ſtate, except as before excepted, and in the name and for the uſe of any perſon or perſons, who at the time of ſuch iſſuing was or were, or ſince have been a citizen or citizens of this ſtate, and actually reſident within the ſame, or in the name or for the uſe of a body politic or corporate within this ſtate; and provided alſo, that there be due intereſt for one year at leaſt due thereon: And if any difficulty ſhall ariſe in determining whether the perſon holding or poſſeſſing any ſuch certificate be entitled to receive the intereſt thereon, within the meaning of this act, it ſhall be incumbent on the claimant to produce the proof neceſſary to eſtabliſh the claim, and if the evidence offered by the claimant be not ſufficient to ſatisfy the ſaid loan-officer, the ſame ſhall be referred to the preſident or vice-preſident in council, whoſe determination and order thereon ſhall be concluſive.

AND WHEREAS the principal ſum mentioned in the ſaid ſaid certificates, or ſome of them, may be deſcribed in continental money: *Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid*, That the value thereof in ſpecie ſhall be computed and aſcertained according to the directions of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, in and by their act of the twenty-eighth day of *June*, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty.

And to the end that a fair and proper account may be kept of all the monies paid for intereſt by virtue of this act, and that this ſtate may have proper credit therefor with the United States, the ſaid loan officer is hereby directed to keep a fair and exact account of ſuch payments as he ſhall make, in which ſhall be ſpecified the date and number of the certificate on which each payment ſhall be made, the amount of the principal ſum mentioned therein, and the name of the perſon to whom it was iſſued, as well as the ſum paid thereon, and ſhall take receipts from the perſons to whom the monies ſhall be paid, as vouchers for the ſaid account; and on producing ſuch account and vouchers, and the ſame being approved and allowed by the Comptroller-General of this ſtate, it ſhall be admitted in diſcharge, for the amount thereof, of the notes he ſhall have received from the treaſury as aforeſaid. And if any of the ſaid notes ſhall remain in his hands on the firſt day of *July*, which will be in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four, the ſaid loan-officer may pay them into the hands of the treaſurer of this ſtate, taking his receipt therefor, the amount of which ſhall be allowed him in diſcharge of the reſidue of the ſaid notes, which ſhall as aforeſaid have been delivered to him.

And to the end that the payment of the ſaid notes for intereſt may the more certainly anſwer the good purpoſes hereby intended, *Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid*, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for each and every perſon on whom the taxes to be raiſed by virtue of this act ſhall be levied, or from whom the ſame or any part thereof ſhall be demanded, to pay any part, not exceeding one half thereof, in the ſaid notes, ſigned by the treaſurer and counterſigned by the loan-officer as aforeſaid, and the ſaid notes are hereby declared to be a legal tender in the payment of any ſuch proportion of the ſaid tax, or of the ſaid proportion of any one of the quarterly payments thereof herein directed to be made; provided that the reſidue of ſuch tax, or of the quarterly payment thereof then due, be tendered or offered to be paid at the ſame time in gold or ſilver money; and the collectors of taxes, and all others whom it may concern, are hereby empowered and directed to receive the ſaid notes in payment accordingly.

And to the end that the monies hereby intended to be raiſed may be faithfully appropriated and applied to the purpoſes hereby intended, as ſpeedily as poſſible, *Be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid*, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the treaſurer of this ſtate, when and as often as any monies to be levied and raiſed by virtue of this act ſhall be paid into his hands, to divide the ſame into equal moieties or half parts, and to pay one of the ſaid moieties to the treaſurer of the United States, or to ſuch other perſon or perſons as ſhall be duly authoriſed by the ſaid United States to receive the ſame for their uſe, and the receipt of the ſaid treaſurer, or other perſon authoriſed as aforeſaid, ſhall be a ſufficient voucher to the treaſurer of this ſtate for ſuch payment and payments; and the other moiety of the ſaid monies, in which ſhall be included all the ſaid notes which ſhall have been paid in for taxes as aforeſaid, ſhall be diſpoſed of in the following manner; *that is to ſay*, ſuch of the ſaid notes as ſhall be paid in as aforeſaid ſhall be by the ſaid treaſurer marked, by punching or piercing a hole, not leſs than the ſize of one eighth of a Dollar, through ſome part of each note, near the centre thereof; and the quantity of ſuch notes in the treaſury at the commencement of each ſeſſion of the general aſſembly ſhall be reported to the houſe by the treaſurer, to be cancelled and deſtroyed in ſuch manner as the houſe ſhall direct, until the whole ſhall have been deſtroyed. And ſuch gold and ſilver money as ſhall belong to this moiety of the taxes, as aforeſaid, ſhall be given in exchange for ſuch notes by the ſaid treaſurer to ſuch perſon and perſons as ſhall apply for the ſame, at any time after the laſt payment of the taxes hereby directed to be raiſed ſhall have become due; and if, at the end of ſix months after the ſaid time, any ſuch money ſhall remain in the treaſury unapplied for in exchange for ſuch notes, it ſhall be lawful for the treaſurer to pay the ſame, or any part thereof, to the aforeſaid loan-officer, on his producing ſuch warrant as aforeſaid, to be applied to the payment of ſuch intereſt due in manner aforeſaid as may remain unpaid; provided, that not more than one year's intereſt be paid on any one debt or certificate by virtue of this act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all fines and penalties impoſed and made recoverable by

this act, other than such as are otherwise specially appropriated by the act herein before recited and referred to, shall be paid in gold or silver money, and applied towards defraying the extraordinary expences and charges of executing this act. And that the treasurer of this state shall be allowed and paid, for his labour and trouble in numbering and signing the said notes, *Two Shillings* for every hundred thereof; and that the said loan-officer shall be allowed and paid, for his labour and trouble in countersigning and issuing the said notes, and accounting for the same in the manner herein directed, at the rate of *Four Shillings and Six-pence* for every hundred notes he shall so sign, issue and account for, over and besides the allowance he is entitled to receive from the United States for the payment of the interest on loans; which payment to the said loan-officer is to be made by the treasurer, on a warrant to be produced under the hand of the president or vice-president in council, and entered in the office of the comptroller-general. And the treasurer of this state and the loan-officer aforesaid shall be, and they are hereby severally made accountable to the general assembly for all monies and notes which shall come to their hands respectively by virtue of this act, and for all other transactions under the same, and shall at all proper times and seasons submit their books, papers and accounts, relative thereto, to the inspection and examination of the president or vice-president in council, or to such person as they shall appoint to inspect the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall counterfeit any one or more of the notes directed to be emitted by this act, by printing or procuring the same to be printed in the likeness and similitude of the said genuine notes; and also if any person or persons shall forge the name or names of the said treasurer or loan-officer, or either of them, to such counterfeit notes, whether the counterfeiting the said notes or names be done within this state, or elsewhere, or shall utter such note, knowing it to be counterfeited as aforesaid, and shall be thereof legally convicted in any court of oyer and terminer within this state, he or they so offending shall suffer death, without benefit of clergy.

And if any person or persons shall counterfeit any of the said notes, by altering the denomination thereof, with design to increase the value of such notes, or shall utter the same, knowing them to be so counterfeited or altered as aforesaid, and shall be thereof legally convicted in any court of record in this state, such person or persons shall be sentenced to the pillory, and have both his or her ears cut off and nailed to the pillory, and be publicly whipped on his or her bare back with thirty-nine lashes, well laid on; and moreover, every such offender shall forfeit the sum of *Two Thousand Pounds*, lawful money of *Pennsylvania*, to be levied on his or her lands and tenements, goods and chattels, the one moiety to the use of the state, and the other moiety to the discoverer.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every single freeman, who at the time of assessing the tax imposed by this act shall be of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, and shall be out of his apprenticeship six months, shall pay a sum not exceeding *Four Pounds*, and not under the sum of *Twenty Shillings*, over and above the sums to be levied on the estate of such single freeman by virtue of this act, any thing in any law heretofore made to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

AND WHEREAS the United States in Congress assembled, by their resolve of the seventeenth of *February* last, did require the legislature of each state to take such measures, as shall appear to them most effectual for obtaining a just and accurate account of the quantity of land in such state, granted to or surveyed for any person, the number of buildings thereon, distinguishing dwelling-houses from other buildings, and the number of its inhabitants, distinguishing white from black, and cause the said account to be transmitted and delivered to Congress on or before the first day of *March*, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of the city and county of *Philadelphia*, and of every county of this state, shall, in their warrants to the township, ward or district assessors of their respective counties, direct the said assessors to make a full and true return of the several quantities of land in their district or township, granted to or surveyed for any person, the number of buildings thereon, distinguishing dwelling-houses from other buildings, and the number of its inhabitants, distinguishing white from black; and the said commissioners shall cause the said returns to be transmitted to the general assembly of this state, on or before the first day of *November*, next ensuing the date hereof.

Signed, by Order of the House,
FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, Speaker.

Enacted into a law, at Philadelphia, *on* Friday, *the twenty-first day of* March, *in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred eighty and three.*

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

An ACT *for the Relief of* Joseph Judson, James Robinson, *and* James Lees, *insolvent Debtors, confined in the old Goal of the City and County of* Philadelphia.

WHEREAS *Joseph Judson, James Robinson* and *James Lees*, prisoners confined in the goal of the city and county of *Philadelphia* for debt, by their petitions to this House, have severally and respectively set forth, that by reason of divers losses and misfortunes, they are wholly unable to satisfy their several and respective creditors, and have prayed that they may be discharged from further confinement; and it appearing that the said *Joseph Judson, James Robinson*, and *James Lees*, have fully complied with the directions of this House, in giving proper notice in the news-papers of their several applications, and the prayer of their said petitions being found reasonable and just:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same*, That the County Court of Common Pleas, in and for the city and county of *Philadelphia* (by the process of which Court the said *Joseph Judson, James Robinson*, and *James Lees* have been committed) be and they are hereby authorised and required, upon the several and respective petitions of the said *Joseph Judson, James Robinson*, and *James Lees*, to grant unto them, and to each of them, the like relief as by the laws now in force within this state is provided for insolvent debtors, who are confined in execution for debt not exceeding *One Hundred and Fifty Pounds* to any one person.

And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same Court, upon such petitions being made to to them by the said *Joseph Judson, James Robinson*, and *James Lees*, for their several and respective discharges as aforesaid, shall thereupon proceed in all things conformably to the purport, intent and meaning of the several acts of Assembly now in force in this commonwealth, for the relief of insolvent debtors, not owing more than *One Hundred and Fifty Pounds* to one person as aforesaid; that their several and respective discharges be equally valid and effectual, and their proceedings equally good and binding to all intents and purposes whatever.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any creditor or creditors of the said *Joseph Judson, James Robinson*, and *James Lees*, or of either of them, do not, or shall not reside in this State at the time of such proceedings before said Court, that the service of notice of application to the said Court, or of any rule or order of the same Court in the premises, on the known Agent or Attorney of such creditor or creditors within this State, shall be equally good and effectual as if the same notice or notices were served on such creditor or creditors in person.

Signed by order of the House,
FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, *Speaker.*

Enacted into a Law, at Philadelphia, *on* Monday, *the Seventeenth day of* March, *in the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred eighty and three.*

PETER Z. LLOYD, *Clerk of the General Assembly.*

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. Thomas M'Kean, Esq; Chief Justice, the Hon. William Augustus Atlee, Esquire, second justice, the Hon. John Evans, Esquire, third justice, and the Hon. George Bryan, Esquire, fourth justice of the Supreme Court, and of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, for the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, have issued their precept, bearing date the seventh day of March instant, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery at the State-House, in the city of Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, on Monday the seventh day of April next.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all justices of the peace, the coroners, escheators and constables within the said city and county, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their rolls, records, indictments and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, in that behalf, appertain to be done. Also, all they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the goal of the said city and county, are to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Philadelphia, the seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and in the seventh year of American independence.

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH!

TO BE SOLD,

And possession immediately given,

A LOT of LAND, containing 11 acres and a quarter, pleasantly situate on the river Schuylkill, adjoining Mr. James Pemberton's seat, on the road leading to Gray's ferry, about two miles from the city. For terms apply to THOMAS ROWAN or JONATHAN PENROSE, opposite the sign of the Fountain, in Front-street, Southwark. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

Or exchanged for an Interest in Philadelphia,

A SMALL TRACT of LAND, situate in Darby township, about eight miles from Philadelphia, with a good brick house and kitchen, and small log tenement thereon.

Likewise may be SOLD, a Piece of Marsh MEADOW. For further particulars, enquire of ISAAC LLOYD, miller, in Darby. § Third Month, 18th, 1783.

To be SOLD by public SALE,

On the 29th of this month,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, whereon Benjamin Jacobs formerly lived, in Providence township, Philadelphia county, adjoining the river Schuylkill, about 25 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 230 or 40 acres, the soil good and level, near 100 acres thereof is woodland, about 20 acres of meadow, and a considerable quantity more may be made and watered; there are on the premises, a well finished two story stone dwelling-house, two rooms on a floor, with a large entry; stone spring-house and wash-house, the spring never known to fail; a large bearing orchard; the whole well watered, there being water naturally in every field but one, through which a water course is made. Any person inclining to purchase, may be shewn the bounds, by applying on the premises, or to the subscriber, living near. The sale to be held on the premises, where attendance will be given, by ISRAEL JACOBS, and others.

Third Month, 12th, 1783. ¶

Kennet, Chester county, Pennsylvania, March 11.

WAS STOLEN, on Monday night, the 10th of March, out of the stable of the subscriber, A bay HORSE, between 14 and 15 hands high, about 10 years old, a natural trotter, and trots very heavy, smooth shod before, has a snip and bald face that reaches from eye to eye, has some white hairs on his near shoulder made by the collar, the hairs rubbed off his sides with the stirrups; said horse is long sided, round bodied, hollow back'd, heavy quarter'd, strait limb'd, and in good order, looks gay in the gears or under the saddle, but appears best calculated for the gears, draws well in the chain, but has been most used for a thiller; he is uncommonly easy seared. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the subscriber may have the horse, and the thief secured, so as to be brought to justice, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, or THIRTY SHILLINGS for the horse only, paid by † WALTER CRAIG.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on almost immediately,

A TRACT of about 100 acres of LAND, situate in Abington township, 13 miles from the city of Philadelphia; a pleasant healthy place, whereon is erected, a dwelling-house, and pump in a well at the door, having plenty of excellent water in the driest seasons; a milk-house over a never failing spring, a barn, stables, bearing orchard, &c. also a grist and merchant-mill, having a pair of good burr mill-stones, &c. drove by the waters of Pennypack creek, well situated for business, a public road leading from Bucks county by said mill door to Philadelphia; about one half said tract woodland, well timbered, and mostly within fence; the other part plough land, and about five acres of meadow made, and ten acres more meadow may be made, and chiefly watered, with little labour, by letting water out of the mill-race, and by several lasting springs and brooks running partly through said land. For particulars, terms and title, which is good, apply to ROBERT PAUL, on the premises. §

Abington, March 17, 1783.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

AT BELL'S BOOK-STORE,

In Third-Street,

Price THREE DOLLARS and a HALF,

MOORE'S ELEGANT TRAVELS,

Neatly bound, Two Volumes complete in One;

Containing

A VIEW OF SOCIETY AND MANNERS

In FRANCE, SWITZERLAND and GERMANY,

With ANECDOTES

Relating to some eminent Characters.

Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D.

During his Travels through those Countries, with his Grace, The present Duke of HAMILTON.

NB. At said Bell's Book-Store may be had, Variety of New Works of Entertainment, with every Curiosity that is come-at-a-ble in the American World of Books. ¶

LOST.

LAST Monday Evening was dropped, A small Parcel of BANK NOTES, to the Amount of about 240 Dollars. They were wrapped up in a small Account, in the Name of the Person who lost them; are supposed to have been dropped in Front-street, somewhere between Market and Vine-streets; and as nearly as recollected were all of the Denomination of Twenty Dollars. The Finder of the said Notes, on bringing or sending them to the Printers hereof, or to Messieurs SMITH and TILTON, shall be entitled to such Part thereof as he or she shall think reasonable, besides the Thanks of The LOSER. ¶

THE Subscriber, in Consequence of the Directions of General Assembly, will leave Town before the House breaks up; but the Papers relative to Taxes in Northumberland County will be left, for some Time, in the Hands of Doctor Joseph Gardner, who is hereby authorised to conduct the Business, by WILLIAM MONTGOMERY.

March 19, 1783.

Philadelphia, March 17, 1783.

ALL persons having just demands against PETER PARIS, late of the city of Philadelphia, Innholder, deceased, are desired to bring them in to the subscribers; and all those that are indebted by mortgage, bond, note, judgment or book account, to the said deceased, are desired to make speedy payment to

SARAH PARIS, Executrix,
PETER THOMSON, and
ABRAHAM WILT, jun. } Executors.

N. B. There are several Bundles of Resolve and Commonwealth Money of Pennsylvania, and some old Continental Money, supposed to have been left by some persons under the care of the said Peter Paris in his lifetime; therefore the right owners are desired to call on the Executors, and make proof of their respective claims thereto. §

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Hempfield township, Lancaster county, some time last summer, Two yearling Heiffer CALVES; one of them red and white, a half-penny out of the right ear; the other a dark brown, without any brand or mark. The owner or owners are requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

March 4th, 1783. † SAMUEL WRIGHT.

March 9, 1783.

WHEREAS a certain JAMES M'COSH, of York county, in the State of Pennsylvania, obtained a BOND of me the subscriber, of St. Georges hundred, and New-Castle county, in the Delaware State, bearing date on the 2d, or between that and the 10th of June, in the year 1782, for the sum of One Hundred and Seventy five Pounds in specie, to be paid at three separate payments; the first being for Fifty Pounds, he received it agreeable to contract, as per receipt on said bond; and the said James M'Cosh, after receiving the aforesaid bond and the aforesaid Fifty Pounds, did, in a most fraudulent manner, make a second sale of a legacy due him in right of his wife Janet, to a certain Benjamin Armstrong, who purchased it ('tis thought) after having knowledge of the first contract made by said M'Cosh with me, by which it is evident there is a fraud intended by them; therefore I forewarn all persons not to take assignment on the aforesaid bond, as I am determined not to pay any more until the right in and to the aforesaid legacy be determined between the aforesaid Benjamin Armstrong and me, as the aforesaid bond will be subject to all the cost I may be put to by said M'Cosh's illegal contract with said Armstrong. § JAMES HAUGHEY.

CAME to the plantation of Dr. Kearsley, in the Northern Liberties, on the first instant, a strawberry roan coloured HORSE, between 14 and 15 hands high, and now in the possession of Owen Carrigan, living on said place. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. † *March* 17, 1783.

By Virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court for the county of Bucks, will be exposed to SALE, by public Vendue, upon the premises, on the 7th day of April next,

A CERTAIN LOT of WOODLAND, situate in the township of Wright's-Town, in the county aforesaid, containing five acres and one quarter, late the property of Isaiah Linton, deceased; also the Right of the said Isaiah Linton (being the remainder in Fee Simple, after the decease of his mother) in a certain Tract of LAND, situate in Wright's-Town aforesaid, containing 170 acres, about 100 whereof are cleared, the remainder well timbered, 10 acres of meadow, and more may be made; there are on the premises two frame houses, kitchen and barns and a constant spring of water convenient to the dwelling. The terms will be made known at the day of sale, by

March 17. § WILLIAM LINTON, Adminis't.

THE creditors of Robert Fulton, deceased (formerly of Lancaster) are requested to meet at Patrick Byrne's Tavern, in Front-street, on Friday, the 25th day of April next, at six o'clock in the evening. ¶

Maryland, Intendant's Office, Feb. 7, 1783.

THE House of Delegates having resolved, "That every Collector in arrear to the public for assessment or tax, or any public monies in the years 1779, 1780 and 1781, be immediately sued." The Intendant of the revenue takes the liberty of informing such debtors, that notwithstanding the above resolution, if any persons, who are so indebted, will exert themselves in making payments of considerable parts of their debts, that he will strike off the actions where suits are commenced, and remit a part, or the whole of the 20 per cent. imposed on them by law for their non-payments, and that such of the Collectors who are in arrears for 1782, and do not immediately make payments, may expect their bonds will be put in suit,

DAN. of St. THOMAS JENIFER, Intendant.

ALL persons that are in any wise indebted to the estate of Joseph Jewell, late of this city, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers; and those that have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly attested, that they may be adjusted.

Margaret Jewell, Executrix,
William Harris, and
James Potter, Executors.

Chester county, February 26, 1783.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in the night of the 25th inſtant, a bright bay HORSE, about 8 years old, 14 hands high, round body, ſtraight limbs, white face, ſhod all round, a white ſpeck on one of his eyes, lately trimmed behind his ears, cut ſomewhat high, lowering towards the ear, paces a ſlow travel, trots and canters: the morning I miſſed my horſe, there was a brown horſe at the ſtable door, ſuppoſed to be left by the thief. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, and the owner get his horſe, ſhall have the above reward, or Forty ſhillings for the horſe only, paid by the ſubſcriber, near the ſign of the Waggon, on the Lancaſter road. ‡ WILLIAM CLINGAN.

Second month, 1783.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of WILLIAM LAWRANCE, late of Haverford townſhip, deceaſed, are requeſted to ſettle immediately, and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts properly atteſted by the firſt of the fourth month next, by

HENRY LAWRANCE, and)
JACOB JONES, ¶) Executors.

Northampton, February 28, 1783.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber gave a bond of £ 150, dated early in the ſpring 1782, to JOHN MURPHY, clock-maker, living in Allen-Town, Northampton county, he having lent me, as he ſaid, a number of bank notes, which proved afterwards to be loan office certificates, the ſubſcriber finding them to be loan office certificates, returned them to him and demanded the bond, which he refuſed giving up. I hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on ſaid bond, as I will not pay it unleſs compelled by law. ¶ JAMES HEMPHILL.

TO BE SOLD,

During the natural life of BENEDICT ARNOLD,

THAT elegant COUNTRY SEAT, known by the name of MOUNT PLEASANT, containing about 100 acres of land, ſituate on the banks of Schuylkill, within four miles and an half of Philadelphia. For terms apply to MATTHEW IRWIN, on the premiſes, or JOHN M'PHERSON, Broker.

Chanceford townſhip, York county, January 9, 1783.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Chanceford townſhip, York county, in the month of November laſt, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, a natural pacer, ſhod all round, a ſtar in his forehead, ſome white hairs on his rump. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away. ¶ ROBERT FULLERTON.

Juſt imported in the Ships CONGRESS and INTREPID, from FRANCE, and to be ſold by

PETER WIKOFF,

At his houſe in Front-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, oppoſite to Elfreth's Alley,

An aſſortment of European Goods,

Suitable for the Seaſon, among which are,

SUPERFINE and middling broadcloths, ſwanſkins, coatings, ratteens, friezes, camblets, ſergeminorques, bed-ticking, Britannia and other low priced linens, bohea tea, wool cards, nankeens, ravens duck, oznabrigs, bordered handkerchiefs, needles, &c. &c.

N. B. The late partnerſhip of PETER and WILLIAM WIKOFF, by mutual conſent expired laſt month, all perſons indebted to them, are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcriber, who is fully authoriſed to receive and ſettle the ſame.

Jan. 14, 1783. T. b. c. 6 w. PETER WIKOFF.

Philadelphia, January 23, 1783.

TO BE LETT,

ONE good PLANTATION, ſituate within one mile of Hides-town, Eaſt-New-Jerſey, containing about 80 acres, on which is a good houſe, ſtables, orchard, and other ſuitable conveniences, now occupied by Samuel Bailey, and may be entered upon the firſt day of April enſuing.

One large Plantation adjoining the above, containing 280 acres, with a good houſe, barn and ſtables; there is a piece of good meadow, and a large proportion of orchard of the beſt fruit, with almoſt all other conveniences neceſſary to render a farm agreeable. The whole in the tenure of Abſalom Hankins, and may be entered upon the firſt day of April enſuing.

One other Plantation adjoining the above, containing 212 acres, properly laid out in fields, in good fence, with a good houſe, barn and ſtables, and an excellent well of water before the door, a good bearing orchard of the beſt fruit, now in the tenure of Daniel Hutchinſon, and may be entered upon the firſt day of April enſuing. A L S O

One ſmall plantation, containing about 13 acres, moſt of which being meadow and gardens, would ſuit a perſon who could attend the market, it being only 7 miles from this city, on the old York road; there is a handſome large ſtone houſe, kitchen, barn, ſtables, milk houſe, well, and every kind of convenience, and would alſo ſuit for a gentleman's country ſeat, it being one of the moſt healthy ſpots in this country, it may be entered upon the firſt day of April enſuing.

A good new two ſtory brick houſe and kitchen, together with a good two ſtory frame dwelling houſe, back of the ſame, with an alley for its accommodation, ſituate in Chriſtian-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, (next to Caleb Aſh's) the whole now in the tenure of Valentine War, and may be entered upon the firſt day of February enſuing.

Alſo two ſtables, ſituate upon the Dock, calculated to contain from 5 to 10 horſes each, and may be entered upon immediately, both of theſe would ſuit for private ſtables, as they will be lett low.

For terms apply to the ſubſcriber, at the north-eaſt corner of Second and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. T. b. c. JOHN SHIELDS.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1783.

ALL perſons that are indebted to the eſtate of Sarah Forreſt, deceaſed, by bond, note or book debt, are requeſted to call and diſcharge the ſame to the ſubſcriber; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, properly atteſted, that they may be adjuſted, by

‡ FREDERICK CHRISTIAN, Acting Executor.

Philadelphia, First Month 8th, 1783.

To be RENTED or SOLD,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, part of which are meadow, with a large dwelling-houſe, and other buildings, &c. The ſaid plantation is within about ten miles of an extraordinary market, held twice a week at Wilmington, and may be entered upon the 8th of the Fourth Month. For further particulars apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia.

¶ t. b. c. t. f. WILLIAM ZANE.

WILLIAM SMITH,

In Second-ſtreet, the third door above the Church, has now by Wholeſale and Retail,

A QUANTITY of double flint pint, gill, and half gill tumblers, together with a handſome aſſortment of China and Queens ware, japaned and pewter ware; an aſſortment of knives and forks, and other cutlery ware; a quantity of Ivory combs, coffee mills, ſhoes, and a few boxes of window glaſs. ¶

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION of about 95 acres of extraordinary good Land, ſituate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, 5 miles from the city, and about half a mile from Frankford, joining the road leading from Frankford to Germantown, bounding on Frankford-creek, on which is a good 2 ſtory ſtone houſe and kitchen, a never failing ſpring of good water near the houſe, with a ſtone houſe over it, alſo a well of good water with a pump in the yard, a large frame barn and ſtabling, a large orchard of the beſt grafted fruit, 4 or 5 acres of meadow and more may be cleared, 20 acres of woodland well timbered; ſaid plantation commands a beautiful proſpect of Philadelphia, and the river Delaware, alſo the village of Frankford, and is very convenient for a gentleman's country ſeat. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may view the premiſes and know the terms, by applying to

¶ ROBERT HARPER, on ſaid place.

A few copies of the following excellent work, for the illumination of the JUDGES and GRAND JURIES in AMERICA,

May now be had at BELL's *Book-ſtore.*

Price ONE DOLLAR.

The TRUST, POWER and DUTY

Of the GRAND JURIES of ENGLAND.

EXPLAINED, according to the fundamentals of the Engliſh government, and the declarations of the ſame, made in Parliament by many ſtatutes; with ſeveral curious caſes relative to Judges and Juries. Exhibited at this time, for the information of all the friends of Liberty, who wiſh that true freedom, inſtead of being diminiſhed, may be increaſed ten fold, by the revolution of America from Great-Britain.

ALSO NUMBER SECOND---Price ONE DOLLAR.

A View of Society and Manners

In FRANCE, SWITZERLAND, GERMANY, and ITALY:
With ANECDOTES relating to ſome EMINENT CHARACTERS.
Written by JOHN MOORE, M. D.
During his Travels through thoſe Countries, with his Grace,
The preſent Duke of HAMILTON.
May now be had at BELL's Book-ſtore in Third-ſtreet. ¶

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD cheap by

WILLIAM & JOHN SITGREAVES,

At their STORE in Market-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, the corner of Lætitia-Court,

COARSE and fine Broadcloths,
Sileſia Cloths,---Caſſimers,
Coatings,---Naps,
Blankets,---Flannels,
Embоſſed Serge,
Hair Plush of beſt Colours,
Camblets, Calimancoes & Durants,
Ell wide Flanders Sheeting,
Ruſſia and Flanders Bedtick,
Wide and narrow Dowlaſs,
Royal and Laval Linens,
¾ and yard wide Britannias,
Ravens Duck,
Ruſſia Drilling,
German Oznabrigs,
Calicoes and Chintz,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Plain and figured Jeans,
Striped Ginghams,
Corded and Fancy Dimity,
Yard wide Cotton Checks,
Yard & ell wd. Cotton Stripes,
Diaper,---and Towelling,
Coloured Nankeens,
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs,
Stamped Cotton ditto,
Black and white Catgut,
Striped Gauze,
Minionet and flowered Lawns,
Plain and ſtriped Muſlins,
Yard wide black Modes,
Black India ell wide Perſians,
Half-yard and Half-ell ditto,
Taffeties and Luteſtrings,
Brocaded Silks,
White Sattins,
Black Hair Ribband,
Mens and Womens Silk and Cotton Hoſe,
Sewing Silk,
Threads and Bindings,
Ivory Combs,---Pins,
And a ſmall Aſſortment of Jewellery.

Alſo STARCH in KEGS, and a good FORTE-PIANO. 4 w.

North Wales, February 11, 1783.

WHEREAS ſome evil minded perſon has propagated a report very injurious and hurtful to my character, I hereby challenge ſuch to appear in an open and bold manner, and meet me on the ground of Juſtice, and dare them to impeach me with any act unbecoming a gentleman and an honeſt man, which character I have ever held dear; and I further offer a Reward of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS to any perſon or perſons, who will prove the author of a report that I was privy to robbing a Collector, a circumſtance I totally deny, either with reſpect to Collectors or any other perſon or perſons, and do now charge the author or authors of ſuch ſcandalous report to be lying calumniators, and am determined to proſecute any perſon who may in future endeavour to circulate ſuch report to my diſadvantage.

† CHRISTIAN DULL.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A PLANTATION in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, within 40 miles of Philadelphia, containing 160 acres of land, 30 of which is meadow, and about 20 more may be made, near half can be watered, a good new ſtone griſt mill, with two pair of ſtones, one of which is burrs, a ſaw mill, a good new ſquared log-houſe, with four rooms on a floor, two ſtories high, a large kitchen adjoining, a good log barn, about 60 acres of wood land, the whole in good repair. The above plantation and mills are within 12 miles of Chriſtiana bridge, from which flour is delivered to Philadelphia for One Shilling a barrel, and within 12 miles of the Head of Elk, where wheat may be had on low terms. For further particulars, apply to EDWARD STROUD, on the premiſes. Poſſeſſion may be had the firſt of April. ¶

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituate in Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 165 acres, with a good dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, four convenient fire places on the lower floor, and very ſuitable for any kind of public buſineſs, as its ſituation is where different roads lead to Lancaſter, Wilmington, Newport, Chriſtiana Bridge and to Johnſton's ferry, on Suſquehanna, and a good well of never failing water convenient to the houſe, a good barn and ſtables, with other out-houſes, two good bearing orchards of the beſt grafted fruit trees; the plantation well watered with ſeveral ſprings running through the ſame, 12 acres of meadow made, and more may be made; it hath been a public houſe of entertainment for many years paſt, and lies in a very healthy pleaſant ſituation. The title indiſputable. For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, SAMUEL FUTHEY.

N. B. It is a very ſuitable place for a ſtore. ¶

To be LETT or SOLD,

And may be entered on the firſt of April next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, now in the tenure of Jonathan Davis, containing about 143 acres, about one half of which is cleared, and the other moſt excellent woodland; there is about twelve acres of meadow, a good log houſe, barn and ſtables, and a young bearing orchard on the premiſes; ſituated in the Great Valley, on the road leading from the Lancaſter road to the Valley Forge, two miles from the ſign of the Spread Eagle, and eighteen from Philadelphia. The quantity of fine timber on this land, and ſo near where ſuch a quantity was deſtroyed while the army lay at Valley Forge, muſt ſtrike the eye of every beholder. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia. ¶ JOHN DUFFIELD.

Will be expoſed to public SALE,

On the 1ſt day of Fourth Month next, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the PREMISES,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, near the forks of Brandywine; containing 130 acres, about 100 of which is cleared, 15 acres whereof is good watered meadow, and water courſes dug for about 8 acres more, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, with 2 rooms on a floor, a barn and ſtable, a good ſpring, with a houſe over it, a good bearing orchard, an oil-mill with a double preſs, a pair of ſtones 5 feet 6 inches diameter, and a pair of good rollers to grind the ſeed; there is alſo a convenient ſeat for a paper-mill, the race and mill-pit already dug.

N. B. The aforeſaid plantation will admit of being divided in two parts, with the aforeſaid mill to one, and mill-ſeat to the other. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber at Naaman's-creek, or to NATHAN SHARPLESS, near the aforeſaid plantation.

Second Month 8, 1783. § 5w FRANCIS TOWNSEND.

First Month, 9th, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, lying in Lebanon townſhip, Hunterdon county, in Weſt New-Jerſey, about 6 miles from the river Delaware, and about the ſame diſtance from the Union Iron-works, and one mile and an half from Change-Water-Forge, containing 335 acres, of which 60 or 70 acres are cleared, and incloſed with good fence, chiefly cheſtnut, including about 10 acres of cleared meadow ground, there being alſo 30 or 40 acres of ſwamp, ſuitable for meadow; the woodland is well covered with timber. There are on the premiſes a log dwelling-houſe, barn, bearing orchard, and other improvements; now in the tenure of Philip Metler, whoſe leaſe will expire next ſpring. For terms of ſale, apply to ANTHONY SYKES, of Cheſterfield, in the county of Burlington. If not ſold before the 8th day of the Fourth Month (called April) next, it will on that day be expoſed to ſale, to the higheſt bidder, at the Union Iron-works. ¶ t. b. c.

BEST SEINE TWINE,

NOW manufacturing and ſelling by the ſubſcriber, near Darby; it may be ſeen at NICHOLAS BERNARD's Looking-glaſs ſtore, at the corner of the Dock and Third-ſtreet, who will ſell it at the loweſt price. Country produce will be taken in part payment. ¶

JOHN DIAMOND.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, two miles from Swedes Ford, containing near 100 acres of good land, between 30 and 40 acres of woodland, well timbered, a ſufficient quantity of good watered meadow, and a good bearing orchard; there is erected on the ſaid place a good dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables, a ſpring of exceeding good water near to the houſe, with a large and convenient ſtone houſe over it. The ſaid plantation is within one mile of ſeveral lime kilns, where lime may be had at a moderate rate for manuring the land. For further particulars, enquire of the owner, living on the premiſes. JOHN CLEAVER. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable plantation, in Maxatawney townſhip, Berks county, about 55 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing 200 acres of good lime-ſtone land, of which about 100 acres are cleared, and 16 acres of meadow, which may be watered very conveniently, a conſtant ſtream of water running thro' the ſame. There is a good bearing orchard, a ſufficient quantity of timber, a lime-kiln, to which the quarry is very handy; alſo a ſtone meſſuage, a large log barn, ſtables, waggon-houſe, and a pump with excellent water near the houſe; alſo a ſmith's ſhop, waggon-ſhop, and other buildings, ſuitable for any tradeſman. The fields are well fenced with cheſnut rails, lies near to mills, meeting-houſes and ſchools. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to the owner, near Perkiomin, on the main road leading to Reading, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame. FREDERICK HOUSEMAN.

N. B. If the above place is not ſold between this and April next, it will be lett for two years. *Feb. 24, 1783.* ¶

OFFICE for confiſcated Eſtates.

Annapolis, February 4, 1783.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Aſſembly of the State of Maryland, will be SOLD at public AUCTION, on the 14th day of April next, at the town of Vienna,

SEVERAL thouſand acres of fertile LANDS, beautifully ſituated on the river Nanticoke, generally known by the name of the INDIAN LANDS; it having been granted to a Tribe now extinct. It will be ſurveyed and laid off in convenient farms, and proper perſons will attend on the premiſes for ſeveral days before the ſale, to ſhew the different lots to any perſon who may incline to purchaſe.

One third the purchaſe money to be paid in thirty days, another third in two years, and the remaining third in three years. Bond and ſecurity will be required on the day of ſale.

At the ſame time and place, and on the ſame terms, will be SOLD, A number of valuable SLAVES, conſiſting of men, women and children; late the property of Alexander Hamilton.

By Order,
J. DORSEY, Clerk.

JOSEPH MITCHELL

WANTS a good MILLER, that underſtands his buſineſs well. Alſo, a good MILL-STONE MAKER, that is a good judge of ſtone, and will take particular care to make them according to directions, and turn them out of his hands neatly made. Eight or ten pair are to be made this ſeaſon on my plantation, in Solebury, in the county of Bucks, adjoining the river Delaware, and ſome on the plantation I live on, in Tredyffrin, in the county of Cheſter. And likewiſe a good FARMER, that will take proper care of a good plantation; he muſt have a ſufficient ability to ſtock it well, it being very ſuitable for many cattle both in winter and ſummer, the fields producing plenty of paſture, and water in each, and a good deal of very good meadow producing timothy and blue graſs It is in Readington, adjoining the lands late of Peter Perrine, Eſq; Hunterdon county, New-Jerſey, near 60 miles from Philadelphia, but may have the choice of other markets nearer, which ever ſuits beſt. None but ſuch as above need apply. ¶

TWELVE DOLLARS Reward.

A PERSON who called himſelf JOHN JONES, a Book-binder, came to my houſe on the 11th inſtant, and hired my horſe for half a day, and has not returned him ſince: Said Jones is about 25 years of age, pitted with the ſmall-pox, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, a blue coat, felt hat, and long white ſurtout: The horſe is a bay, about 8 years old, 13 and an half hands high, well built, and in good order, a natural trotter, has a black mane and tail and black legs, a ſtar in his forehead about the ſize of a dollar, and a little white on his off hind foot, newly ſhod all round. he has neither brand nor earmark perceptible. Whoever takes up ſaid Jones, and ſecures him, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the owner gets his horſe again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or FOUR DOLLARS for the man, and EIGHT DOLLARS for the horſe, paid by ADAM POAT.